Morning Oregonian.

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ERAL NEWS.

the Falls.

Jan. 30.—By the capsizing of a afternoon, four young men were the falls, two losing their lives, rescued.

Centennial Balance.

Jan. 29.—In the matter of the balance of the funds in the Centennial Board, Lynch de of the stockholders. District Valentine, acting for the U. S. government, took an appeal to the U. S. Court.

berlain is Governor.

S. C., Jan. 29.—Circuit Judge the following decision to from Washington: First. of law that D. H. Chamberlain the 7th of December last governor of South Carolina. Hampton was not on the 14th installed governor. Third. of D. H. Chamberlain legal and void; it did not abrogation of the office as he held at that time, as by the governor holds his office until his successor is chosen as there has been no legal his successor, D. H. Chamberlain is in possession of the executive to discharge its functions takes place. A case that indicates the above is the supreme court.

Proposed Idea.

New Orleans special says: telegraphed yesterday to the Packard faction that must be elected im is this person will be ad which Morton and his to be such a recog Packard government. To day received a majority of 78 and were present.

Charge.

30.—The Times has a story and American merchants the government in the No names are men whole affair is likely to be

Abducted.

30.—John Kain, aged 6, was to-day abducted with the school of unknown man, who

Money Market.

silver bars 304 green silver coin, par; gold money 5; governments stocks active with Quicksilver 14, Pa 31, Wells Fargo 84, N. Y. Panama 132, Union Pacific C. P. bonds 107½.

Pardoned.

—Gen. John McDonald, received an uncondi and was immediately penitentiary at Jefferson

Copy.

30.—Daniel O'Neill, editor Dispatch, and widely known

Revenue Frauds.

Jan. 30.—Arthur B. Wood, consulate bureau of the State returned from a secret mis he made a rigid inquiry the consulates in the princi of Great Britain, France and result is that a number of are to be promptly officers removed and to defraud the dismissed in disgrace.

Struck by Lightning.

Jan. 30.—A cable special an American ship *Dakota*, from Liverpool, when about 400 from the Azores was struck burned. The captain, his children and the crew were to Fayal, after being four

President.

Jan. 30.—The trustees of to-day elected Rev. Sam'l president of the col

Paid Mileage.

Jan. 30.—A Tallahassee says the assembly passed a Democratic Presidential elec

Caught.

30.—A gang of fire insur has been broken up by of Wm. Shale, of Plainfield, swindling firm of which member, was that of Hale, & Co., having an office at 170 Over fifty victims have been sums ranging from $5,000 to

Bonds.

30.—Yesterday a gentle resident of the East River his name was Cyrus G. from his pocket a number of R. bonds, representing a On these he asked a President asked to have Clark was held The numbers of the coun 9,529, 9,905, 9,493, 9,422, 9,495, 9,552, 9,517, 9,535, 9,840, 9,643, 9,954, 9,948.

New Jersey Mutual.

Jan. 30.—The report of Fackler appointed to examine into the af New Jersey Mutual Life Insurance the annual statement was the liabilities having been books showed many strange by any but the mis The assets are estimated at $1,630,000. Its business conducted, the books care and leaves torn out, etc.

WASHINGTON CITY.

A Message on Finances.

Jan. 30.—The *Tribune's* Washing says the President has been en on the message which he will to-morrow, (Wednesday) recommend as will hasten the return payments. A well known Bostonian his attention to this subject, the large balance of trade in favor of States, producing an influx of gold The President's first deter was to direct the Secretary of the forthwith resume a reduction of currency authorized by the act by Secretary McCulloch, but it that the act passed February, became a revised statute, suspends given to the Secretary to retire notes. Besides it would have commercial interests had the govern commenced specie payment by U. S. legal tender notes, leaving Na with over $300,000,000 of their circulation, and a comparatively of coin for their redemption. laws the Secretary can only tender notes to the extent of 8 per the volume of currency largely real demands of legitimate busi legal tender can be retired.

R. R. Bills in Congress.

Jan. 29.—The programme for action to-day concerning the Pacific was almost entirely set aside anticipated caucus. The Senate Re failing to agree in the morn what Republicans should be ap the electoral commission, was held another meeting in the after cut short the debate on the sink bill. Opponents of to-day's Pacific bill consumed the morning hour of the house by calling for the reading of the full text of every bill introduced under the regular call of States, and at the expiration of the morning hour the Eads bill came up as unfinished business and occupied the time till 2 o'clock, when by previous order, the District of Columbia measures had to be considered to the exclusion of all other business. Lamar, therefore, had no possible opportunity to offer a motion to suspend the rules and assign some day for action on the Texas Pacific. He intends doing so next Monday, but to-day the chances have greatly diminished the prospects for the success of the measure, and many of its friends now despair of getting it to the Senate in time for action, even if it passes the House.

A Land Title Bill.

Sargent and Booth are daily waiting an opportunity to pass through the Senate the bill reported from the committee last session to confirm title to California school indemnity selections. The House public lands committee will move to have the bill passed as soon as it reaches the House from the Senate.

Los Angeles Land Claims.

Judge Mildrey, who is pushing matters here has received the surveyor's detailed measurements of all the so-called improvements on the strength of which the Los Angeles jumpers claim pre-emption rights to State selection in that county, it appears the improvements consist wholly of rough board shanties without floors or windows, and scarcely large enough to shelter a cow, and that the total cost of lumber is about $600 with which attempt is made to pre-empt land worth $600,000.

Rancho Milpitas.

Solicitor General Phelps writes to Britton, Gray & Drummond that the department of justice will take action in accordance with petitions presented by them and by J. F. Stuart of San Francisco, to impeach the patent heretofore issued for rancho Milpitas in Monterey county, and the proceedings upon which it was based. A bill in equity to set aside the patent, &c., will be drafted for approval by the U. S. attorney at San Francisco, costs of suit to be paid by petitioners.

Condition of Stephens.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Midnight—Alex. H. Stephens is reported to be in a comparatively comfortable condition, with no immediate danger of fatal results.

The Oregon Case in the Senate Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Oregon electoral case was the subject of long discussion in the Senate committee on privileges and elections to-day. A large number of telegrams have yet to be offered in evidence.

T. P. R. R. Scheme Shelved.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The Texas Pacific road bill will probably be shelved for the present session.

Public Land Bills.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The House public lands committee to-day decided to report a substitute for the Alaska Ship-building company's bill. The bill authorizes the company to purchase timber lands on the Island of Kow, adjacent islands and on the mainland to a total extent of 100,000 acres, at $1 25 per acre, within ten years from the enactment of the bill, and provides that no timber shall be cut from any lands until they are purchased and paid for, and recommend the passage of the substitute.

The committee also authorized a favorable report to be made on Lane's bill to give settlers on unsurveyed public lands the same advantages that settlers on surveyed lands now enjoy, namely, possessory rights and inchoate title, to be consummated under the homestead or pre-emption laws, after official surveys. A similar measure for the encouragement and protection of settlements in advance of surveys was introduced and earnestly advocated by Julian in the Fortieth Congress, but failed to make any progress.

Greenbacks Canceled.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Treasury to-day destroyed $1,070,000 in legal tenders, being 80 per cent. of the national bank circulation issued during the month.

Batteries Moved.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Four batteries of artillery, stationed at the arsenal, have been ordered to Fortress Monroe. It is thought other troops will leave for the north and west to-day.

Sargent's Florida Report.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Senator Sargent's report on the Florida election, after reciting the difficulties under which the committee labored and the election law, discusses the action of the State canvassing board, showing that it made a preliminary canvass on the face of the returns, giving the Hayes electors 45 majority. The board then commenced to hear contests, holding public sessions. The committee say the course subsequently pursued by the board in this matter was exactly in accordance with its practice in 1874, when, by the written advice of a Democratic Attorney-General and Democratic lawyers, it went behind the returns for the benefit of the Democratic party. The result of this canvass was 930 majority for the Hayes electors. The committee argue at length that their count was legal and constitutional, and the board had the right to seek the true vote behind the returns, under the statute which created it. They say the statute enacted *pro bono publico*, to prevent election frauds, should be beneficially construed. The report then goes on to argue that the finding of the board is conclusive and cannot be revised by a recanvass or reached by a writ of *quo warranto*, because the electors are *functus officio*, or reversed by the Congress, because the Constitution lodges the whole power in the State. A great many authorities are cited to sustain these positions. A distinction is drawn, however, in the case of the ministerial certificate of the governor, who is not a member of the board, and has no power to decide anything. Congress may look behind his certificate to ascertain facts as a court may look behind the mere ministerial certificate of the clerk purporting to verify a judgment, to see what the judgment really is. But if Congress can revise the action of the board, it may go to the bottom of the poll and ascertain the true vote in contested counties. It would have to go as far as a court in a *quo warranto* proceeding. Such an attempt cannot be made, for there is not time, and anything less would be simply going to the bottom of the poll. The committee say they would show according to evidence, taken by them, that the Hayes electors had more than 930 majority. The report then proceeds to discuss the testimony in detail. In Alachua county the committee examined individual voters at both the Archer No. 1 and No. 2 precincts, and instead of a Republican fraud there was a Democratic fraud of over one hundred votes. The committee quote largely from testimony, and present a considerable amount of argument in support of this assertion. They present evidence to show that railroad trains of passengers voted Tilden tickets in Waldo precinct, although citizens of other States. In regard to Baker and Duval counties the committee say it is shown that the State board decided that the only legal return before them from Baker county was that of the county judge and his associates; that they so decided at first, and simply adhered to that decision in the canvass made under the order of the Supreme Court. They, however, previous to that order, went to the precinct returns for the true vote, but when the court made its order they required to return that which they had at first adjudged to be the only legal one. The committee claim to show that the county clerk's paper was in no sense a return, and had not any time been treated as such, and could not be so treated because the persons necessary to make a legal canvass were not present as in Duval county, which the Democrats insist is a parallel case. The committee, however, claim to make it very apparent that there is a vital difference between the two cases, and say if the face of the returns is to rule, it should rule in Baker county, where, at most, there was misguided zeal as well as in Jackson, where there was premeditated rascality. Counting all returns on their face, and taking even the pretended return made by the county clerk of Baker county, will still leave Hayes a small majority. The committee say they carefully examined into the election in Duval county and found it honest, but in Jackson county they found evidence of two hundred and fifty fraudulent Democratic votes, which they proceed to set forth very fully. They found many indications of fraud and much intimidation of voters at precinct No. 2, Key West, in Monroe county. In Manatee county the election was a Democratic farce. In Hamilton county the returns of the electoral vote were formed in several days after they were signed and delivered to the county clerk, and unauthorized persons made a canvass in another precinct, signing the returns, but having no personal knowledge of their correctness. In Jefferson and Columbia counties there was violent intimidation of the colored voters and social and business proscription. In many counties a system of marked tickets was employed to compel men to vote the Democratic ticket, the details of which are fully set out. Other counties and topics are also discussed in detail. The report was adopted by all the Republican members of the committee.

COUNTING THE VOTE.

The Commission.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Democratic caucus to-night selected for the members on the part of the House, to serve on the Electoral Commission, Paine, Hunton and Abbot. No other business was transacted. The Commission will then consist of the following members: Senators—Edmunds, Morton, Frelinghuysen and Bayard. Representatives—Payne, Hunton, Abbot, Garfield and Hoar. Supreme Court—Justices Clifford, Strong, Miller and Field; fifth member to be selected from among Associate Justices Swayne, Davis, Bradley and Hunt.

The Times on the Message.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The *Times'* editorial says: The President has signed the counting bill, and gives his reasons for so doing in a message which reveals his good intentions rather more clearly than his sense of his constitutional obligations. The President admits that the history of our country in its earlier times shows that the President of the Senate had counted the votes and declared their standing; that he has in fact exercised the Federal powers which the framers of the constitution conferred on him, but he maintains in defiance of the construction of our later as well as earlier history, that all doubts and disputes about the reception of votes have been settled by the two Houses of Congress. The President has signed the bill, believing it will restore industry, make employment for labor, furnish an opening for capital and industry. We trust that he will not be disappointed, though he might wisely have pitched his expressions in a much lower key.

Pools Again.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Betting men are now offering heavy odds that the election of Hayes will be announced by the commission. One bet was made to-day of of $500 against $200; another bet, at odds at two to one, has been given up by the Hayes party, the Tilden man paying one-half of his stake to be let off.

Crowds Arriving.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The *Herald's* Washington special says: Great crowds are gathering in Washington to witness the counting of the electoral vote. Hotels are full and every train brings accessions to the crowd. The sight-seers will doubtless wait over for the inauguration ceremonies, so much so that the capital bids fair to present a lively aspect during the ensuing month.

The Sun on Hewitt.

The *Sun's* editorial says Abram Hewitt concedes that the electoral bill may not be strictly constitutional, yet supports it. Before he was allowed to take his seat as Representative he was required to take a solemn oath to support the constitution. What has become of Hewitt's oath? What has become of Hewitt's constitutional obligations? Are they to be found in his support of a bill admitted by him to be unconstitutional.

Democratic Caucus on Commissioners.

The House Democrats, after caucusing late to-night, selected three men of weight and character, and good lawyers, Payne, Hunton and Abbott; as politicians they may all be classed as of the moderate wing of their party. A large number were put in nomination, Fernando Wood and Cox also being prominent candidates. The second ballot elected Payne and Hunton, and the third elected Judge Abbott. There was some talk of refusing to accept the decision of Republicans as final in the case of Garfield, who seems particularly obnoxious to many Democrats but the party leaders frowned upon this movement to disturb cordial relations, taking the ground that it was good policy to allow any two Republicans whatever on the committee.

Republican Caucus for Commissioners.

The Republican Senatorial caucus to-day was a repetition of that of the House last week, and the members returned understanding that Edmunds, Morton and Howe would be appointed. This was dispelled by the refusal of Howe to act. Thereupon the moderates wanted Conkling and Morton. The party expression of distrust of Conkling's soundness on questions essential to the maintenance of Hayes' claims, alleged that his private conversations left grave doubts as to his real position; that he waited two months before saying he believed Hayes elected. Edmunds wanted Conkling, but the latter finally ended all controversy by positively declining to serve. The Morton party presented McMillan, of Minnesota, and would have elected him had not Edmunds said he would refuse to act if two enemies of the whole scheme of settling were upon it. Finally, after adjournment until the afternoon, Frelinghuysen was put forward and elected. This is deemed a victory for the moderate party.

The Lobby Driven Back.

The New York *Times'* Washington special says the members of the great lobby were driven from the floor of the House to day for the first time in many months. The area behind the members' seats was for a time filled to overflowing, and the aisles and seats themselves were in possession chiefly by the Texas and Pacific lobby, but also by members of two or three other smaller lobbies. The Texas Pacific people expected a motion would be made to-day to take their bill from the bottom of the calender of the committee of the whole to assign for it a day for consideration. This motion was ultimately kept out of the House by the rule which gave to-day to the committee on the District of Columbia.

Durand demanded the reading of the rules regulating admissions to the floor, and said one could not stir 20 feet from the Speaker's desk in any part of the House without running against half a dozen lobbyists. An order was given to clear the floor of all persons not authorized to be upon it, and sleek solicitors of Congressmen's votes were incontinently turned out. Some of them had been constantly reminded of the order.

A Question of Smartness.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The *Journal's* Washington special says the Republicans are congratulating themselves that the House Democrats have not selected their ablest men, and that for legal ability the Republican members are far superior. The Democrats are considerably dissatisfied with the selection in the House, since Hunton alone, is a member of the judiciary committee, whose strongest members are entirely ignored. Republicans think the Democrats have made a serious mistake in not choosing a member in either House from the election committee. Taken as a whole, therefore, the Republicans regard their five members as much more than a match for the Democrats. The Supreme court justices were in session an hour and three-quarters. Senators who have made inquiry, believe the fifth justice is Bradley, a though the information is not positive.

The Fifteenth Not Chosen.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—At 3 o'clock one of the associate justices stated they had not yet finished the matter of the selection of the fifth member of the judicial branch of the electoral commission.

New York Expresses Herself.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 30.—The State Senate adopted a resolution to-day declaring Hayes and Wheeler had been legally elected President and Vice President, and should therefore be inaugurated.

The Fifth Justice.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Associate Justices Clifford, Strong, Miller and Field, designated by the electoral bill as members of the judicial branch of the commission, were in secret conference to-day on the selection of the fifth member. They decline to make known their action until they submit the name of the fifth justice to Congress.

Associate Justices Clifford, Strong, Miller and Field, designated by the electoral bill as four members of the judicial branch of the commission were in secret conference two or three hours to-day, but adjourned without arriving at any determination as to which one of their associates should be selected as the fifth member. It is considered certain, however, that to-morrow morning, very soon after they reassemble they will select Justice Bradley as the fifth member, and promptly communicate the same to both Houses of Congress. There is sufficient reason to believe that he would have been selected to-day, had it been authoritatively ascertained prior to the adjournment of the conference that Justice Davis would positively decline the position if offered to him. It is conjectured embarrassment of consultation to-day arose mainly, if not entirely from conflicting accounts as to the willingness of Justice Davis to serve upon the commission, which were not set at rest until after the conference had formally ended for to day. It is currently believed, although, of course the statement cannot be made upon authority, that one or more ballots were cast to-day for Justice Davis under a belief entertained by a portion of those present, that although he had expressed disinclination to serve upon the commission, he would nevertheless accept the position if chosen.

Democratic Conference.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The *Times* says Tilden, O'Conor, Potter, Reid, and Schell had a conference to-day at the Astor House. Several other lawyers and politicians were also present, including Gen. Fremont. The result, if any, is unknown.

THE LOUISIANA INVESTIGATION.

Kenner's Testimony.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Before the committee on powers and privileges of the House, Louis W. Kenner, of the Louisiana returning board, testified as to the vacancy in the Louisiana returning board. Doctor Kennedy was proposed to fill it. He is a Democrat and a man of fair standing in the community. Wells and Anderson were against Kennedy. Witness knew Hayes was elected by throwing out votes. Votes were thrown out because there was evidence of intimidation, hanging men, driving them from polls and from their crops, and therefore the board thought they were justified in doing so. We had some testimony of persons voting the Democratic ticket through fear. Witness thought there were ten instances in which affidavits of intimidation came in with returns. Some of the other affidavits came from persons afraid to make them in their respective localities, owing to threats and intimidation. Everything was quiet in New Orleans; knew nothing about the counting here. There were one or two instances of a little disturbance. There were charges of bribery, such as giving voters suits of clothes or shoes, but couldn't tell how many men had told him they had been driven from their homes; had no knowledge of any part of original returns having been altered, nor had he knowledge that the board had any consultation on that subject, or that there was any fraud by the board or any member thereof, or under their direction or knowledge. There was no concealment from the Democratic committee of any papers before the board, and accounts of proceedings were published in the newspapers.

Littlefield again on the Stand.

Littlefield, clerk of the Louisiana returning board, testified before Morrison's committee to-day that on the 3d of December he altered the original returns from two of the polls in Vernon parish so as to transpose 178 Democratic votes over to the Republican candidates; that he did this by the express direction of Gov. Wells, and that after making copies of the altered original and substituting them for the originals, the latter were burned either by himself or Gov. Wells, he did not remember which, but at all events with Wells knowledge.

Hurlbut, of Ill., examined Littlefield, and reading from the stenographer's notes, asked why his answers yesterday and to-day disagreed. Witness said he had been falsely reported as saying yesterday that he refused to answer.

Gov. Kellogg's Testimony.

The committee on powers, privileges and duties sent to-day for ex-Gov. Kellogg. He was briefly examined concerning the electors of Louisiana. He had no personal knowledge of Levisse being United States Commissioner and Brewster Surveyor General at the time they were voted for, but he knew they absented themselves from the college, and that other electors filled the vacancies.

Kenner and Cassanove, both of the returning board, were before the committee this afternoon. Examination of the former resulted in his being compelled to produce a private memoranda taken by himself in the board during the additional compilation and statement of the returns. The memoranda showed numerous precincts thrown out on alleged grounds of intimidation, violence, etc. The memoranda did not mention Vernon parish, witness saying he made his notes of proceedings only while he was present at the board.

Littlefield Recalled.

J. T. Littlefield recalled. His testimony was in all substantial points similar to that previously given before Morrison's committee. He said that yesterday when he appeared before the committee, he had taken no legal advice, but since that time had a conference with an attorney who informed him he could tell the whole truth if he did so under protest; otherwise he would have to bear the burden of suspicion in abstracting the original returns of Vernon parish. Field asked witness to look at a paper marked "8," and he answered after a slight inspection that it was the same paper that was before the returning board. Witness, in reply to the question, said that he was requested by Gov. Wells to transpose the returns of polls, taking votes from the Democrats and giving them to the Republicans. At polls 2 and 9 the number of votes thus transferred was 178 The original figures were erased and those required written in their place. Field exhibited certificates of election of two friends of Wells, Hunter and Kelso, which the witness believed genuine. Witness, after detailing the destruction of the original returns by himself or Wells, continued as to the original statement of the poll of Vernon parish, with the alterations now before him. Gov. Wells told me to destroy or make away with it. I felt I had done a little too much already and took the paper home for the purpose of destroying it, but did not. I communicated these facts to Mr. Spearing, my uncle, and gave him the paper to be used by him, and others in whom confidence could be placed, in behalf the Nichols' government, which Spearing supported, and thought Nichols was elected governor. I requested of him that my name should never be known in this transaction, and that I should not be subpenaed to testify. I gave him the paper in New Orleans. The last time I saw the paper was in the office of Gov. Palmer, at Springfield, Illinois. I have been convinced that Spearing had never seen the paper since, till produced yesterday before the committee.

Q.—Describe the occasion and circumstances of Gov. Wells asking you to alter the returns.

A.—On Sunday, Dec. 3d, the board and three or four of the clerks took dinner together; they sat at dinner three or four hours; from there we went to the rooms of the returning board; after being there a few minutes I saw Gov. Wells looking over some papers and figuring; we were feeling happy; I know I was; in a few moments Gov. Wells was engaged in whispered conversation and told me to alter the votes. He asked me to have it done that night, but I did not do it that night; subsequently Wells said it was well done.

Witness here showed how the alterations were made.

Witness continuing, said, Wells asked me the same night to make the change in the electoral votes.

Wells was examined by the committee which went to New Orleans. Wells afterwards told me he was asked by the committee how the returns from Vernon parish was received, and in consequence he felt very uneasy. He also said to me "can't you make a copy of the original; find out what will make an aggregate and we will reject them;" he then said we will have affidavits prepared, meaning affidavits showing why the three polls of Vernon parish were rejected; the affidavits were sworn to before U. S. Commissioner Jewel by each of the three persons, namely, Jim Brown, Sam Collins and Samuel Carter; they made their marks I don't know whether there were such persons or not; affidavits were mailed Nov. 14, 1876, and came into the office of the board on the 18th of December.

Field.—Did Gov. Wells speak about forging the name of Thomas Franklin?

A.—He asked me to practice so I could make a signature to returns, but I didn't do it.

Q.—Since you came to Washington have you had an interview with any parties with regard to your testimony?

A.—I have conversed with various parties, including Gov. Kellogg and Marshal Pitkin. Gov. Kellogg did not question me particularly, but seemed anxious to do so. Pitkin spoke about our former intercourse and personal relations, which had, he said, been pleasant, and he wanted me to consider well before I testified and as to what course I should take. I told him I didn't intend to testify if I could help it. He as much as inferred that I should remember my friends. He thought it was for me to stick to my own party. This conversation took place either on Saturday or Sunday night.

Q.—Was anything said about furnishing counsel or about protecting you?

A.—He said if I desired he would engage counsel.

Lawrence then examined the witness, who was reminded that he had said when he was examined yesterday he was not aware of his rights. Witness remarked that since then he had conversed with Murphy, of Davenport, Iowa. Murphy did not advise him, but said that he could give testimony under protest, which would clear him from contempt.

Q.—Is there anything you know now that you did not know yesterday?

A.—I am only giving my testimony under protest; I was in contempt when I saw Mr. Murphy.

Q.—You altered no other return than this?

A.—None was altered but this one, so far as I know; I saw considerable scratching going on; I went to the office of the returning board after the dinner already alluded to, to compile the returns; the members of the board were in their private office; I began to make alterations in the returns from Vernon parish 15 minutes after Gov. Wells suggested it; Judge Davis, one of the clerks, showed me how to alter the figures, and furnished a ruler; Woodward, another clerk, must have seen it done; Gov. Wells came in repeatedly while the work was progressing; I worked on it that night and until 10 o'clock Monday; I invited Woodward to assist; Woodward erased some of the totals; I handed the original returns to Gov. Wells; Abel came in just as they were being burned; Abel said such destruction was usually done out of the place of meeting of the Board. Gov. Wells told me either to destroy or make way with the altered statement of returns from Vernon parish now in the possession of his committee, and asked me if I had made way with it. I said "yes, its not in the office." I took the papers to my home, and I went from my pocket to that of Mr. Spearing. Gov. Wells not only made a request to alter the returns from Vernon parish, but asked me to write down what he desired. Spearing is my uncle. He frequently conversed with me and asked me to tell him some things that would help Nichols' government. My uncle was not much of a politician. He votes for Nichols and Hayes. Witness and his uncle were formerly hay inspectors at New Orleans, but were removed.

Seelye said to witness: When you were asked yesterday whether Gov. Wells requested you to make the alteration, did you not say he did not?

A.—I evaded an answer. I am satisfied I did not say Gov. Wells did not make such a request.

Q.—Reporter's notes say you thus testified.

A.—Then they are wrong.

Q.—Did it seem to you perfectly right to you to make alterations?

A.—I thought there was nothing wrong in obeying instructions.

Q.—Did you think Gov. Wells a rascal for making such propositions?

A.—I will say I have the appearance of being a rascal for what I have done.

Q.—But you committed forgery.

A.—I do not know alterations of figures to be forgery. Witness said he knew of no alterations in returns of any other parish.

By Lawrence—Were charges against you of excessive charges while you occupied the office of hay inspector?

A.—Not to my knowledge.

Witness said that he borrowed $200 of Spearing to pay his expenses. The indebtedness was settled, there being an old account between them. Spearing gave him $40 while they were in New York together, Spearing telling him he had an advance from the sergeant-at-arms.

By Field—How much scratching was done?

A.—I don't know

During further examination of witness he said the promulgation of a falsified return was signed by all members of the returning board. Adjourned till to-morrow.

Effect of the Testimony.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The effect of the testimony to-day is to prove, first, that the paper produced is the original official return from Vernon parish; second that 178 votes were transferred from the Democratic to the Republican electors in the same parish after the return was opened in the presence of Sherman and Palmer; third, that this change was made before the final computation of the returns. This is shown by the fact that the tables made up by the returning board, showing the result of the election, were with the return of that parish as it now appears, and not with those opened in the returning board in the presence of the visiting committees. The proof offered under the laws of Louisiana is therefore complete. Testimony as to the witness' credibility is far from satisfactory, his story, which at best is second hand, has to be received. Then forgery was perpetrated by Clerk Littlefield by direction of ex-Gov. Wells, but no court in Christendom would convict Wells of this crime. The fact thus far received, and the fact that Littlefield in order to testify against Wells convicts himself of forgery, will of course throw discredit on anything he may say. The most damaging feature of this new development in the Louisiana case is that it proves that somebody, either the returning board, its clerks, or some one who had access to its papers, had actually changed official returns by transferring votes to Republicans or Democrats. While there is as yet no evidence or suggestion, except the form of mere rumor, except in the case of Vernon, the fact that it was done in that parish throws more discredit and suspicion on the whole work of the returning board than the Democrats have heretofore been able to fix upon it.

Murphy and Littlefield.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The *Journal's* Davenport special says: The Murphy who testified before the Morrison committee yesterday was the Democratic candidate for Congress here last fall. He went to Louisiana last month and brought some influence to bear on clerk Littlefield, whom he carried off North, and has kept secluded ever since.

Want a Habeas Corpus.

A rumor prevailed to-night that Shellabarger and Wilson, attorneys for the members of the returning board of Louisiana, now in contempt of the House of Representatives, made application for a writ of *habeas corpus*, the return for which was fixed for to-morrow. There seems no doubt that application was made to one of the judges of the supreme court of this district, but up to a very late hour the clerk of the court had not issued the writ. Chief Justice Carter, it is believed, was applied to and refused to grant the writ.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

Negotiations Begun.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The *Standard's* dispatch from Vienna says negotiations between the Ottoman ambassadors and the Servian diplomatic agents have already commenced.

Gortschakoff's Resignation.

The Pera correspondent of the *Telegraph* announces positively that Gortschakoff has resolved to retire and his resignation is merely a question of a few days.

Army Withdrawal.

The *Telegraph's* correspondent at Pera declares that the Russian army of the South is about to be withdrawn. Only 8,000 men will remain there.

The Turk as Imbroglio.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The *Times'* correspondent at Semlin telegraphs that the situation is so complicated that it is impossible to form any opinion as to the probable result of the crisis in Servia. The Turkish envoy will shortly arrive in Belgrade to open the peace negotiations there. The chamber is in session daily under the presidency of Prince [illegible]. Members of last skuptchina demand the immediate convocation of the chamber to decide finally for peace or war. The Prince favors a meeting of the chamber, but is understood to be opposed to making a separate treaty of peace with the Porte, either on account of the secret advice of Russia, or from fear that Montenegro will refuse the proposals of Turkey, and thus become the future leader of the Sclavs. The ministry oppose the convention of the skuptchina because they fear they will be called to a strict account for their administration. It is reported that a special envoy will be dispatched immediately to St. Petersburg to obtain a definite statement of Russia's desire, and to ascertain her position, what support if any can be relied upon if the Turkish proposal be finally rejected. Servia is also bound by treaty to consult Montenegro as to any peace negotiations, but it is not certain that she will observe this agreement, as considerable jealousy exists between the two principalities.

The Paris correspondent of the *Times* says that the memorandum of the powers was settled shortly before the conclusion of the conference; since the conference closed, however, hesitation seems to have arisen which explains Russia's silence.

A special from Vienna to the *Daily News* reports that in consequence of the refusal of France to send instructions for the proposed gendarmes to Turkey, the Porte has now made overtures to Austria.

The *Daily Telegraph's* special from Pera says Turkey wishes to have Mr. Cave as financial administrator. England's intentions are unknown, but it is understood she will not nominate a minister for Turkey until peace is [illegible].

Vienna telegrams to the same paper state that England as well as Russia has advised Prince Milan to conclude peace if he can do so on proper terms. The conditions offered by Turkey are the restoration of the status quo ante bellum, coupled with certain guarantees, to be settled during the negotiations, against the recommencement of hostilities by Servia. What [illegible]

[illegible]

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The *Times* has an interview with numerous bankers, [illegible] and commercial men, nearly all of whom [illegible] that the President's suggestions about specie resumption are [illegible], practicable and worthy of the wisest statesmen. While they deprecate a further shrinkage in values, they believe that business relations will cease to be disturbed so readily when once the bottom is reached, and that the increased strength and confidence of the people will quickly compensate for the temporary loss.

Peace Probable.

RAGUSA, Jan. 30.—The British, German and Italian consuls will proceed to Cettinje to-day, it is reported, to induce Prince Nicholas to make peace if the Porte will cede disputed territory to Montenegro, the Turks to be permitted to send into Niesic 12 tons of provisions during February.

Peace Predicted.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The *Post* semi-official says we may hope that in the course of the next month assurances will be given which will satisfy the strong expectations now entertained that the prospect of an European war is obviated.

The Czar's Retraction.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Times* in a letter of January 22d, says the Czar's Moscow speech certainly remains uncancelled by any later declaration, but at the same time it is evident, judging by the tone of the newspapers at St. Petersburg and Moscow as well as that of public opinion in general, that this famous speech, although not officially retracted, is virtually withdrawn. The argument adduced by members of the Russian society is that Europe having interfered, and the conference having failed, Russia, notwithstanding what the Emperor said at Moscow, is relieved from individual responsibility. With regard to the [illegible] of the army in Bessarabia, mobilization has failed and the army is in anything but a satisfactory condition. Having lived in this country during the whole course of the present crisis, and having carefully watched both here and at Moscow the variations and drift of public opinion, I unhesitatingly declare my convictions that the Emperor desires to have any excuse for not going to war.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

The Papacy.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The *Standard's* Vienna correspondent says: It is reported in semi-official quarters that the powers recently exchanged communications describing an eventual vacancy in the throne of St. Peter's. It is said the Catholic powers have engaged to make the strictest use of their prerogative to insure regularity in the election of a successor to Pius IX.

Church vs. State.

ROME, Jan. 30.—The Pope will protest against the clerical abuses act of the Italian chamber of deputies in an encyclical which will probably be published at the consistory in March.

The Slade Case.

LONDON, Jan 30.—Professor Lankester took out a new summons against the spiritualist Slade and Simmons his assistant for conspiracy, and also against Slade under the vagrant act.

Bust Unveiled.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The bust of Auber was unveiled with great ceremony yesterday over the grave of the composer in Pere La Chaise.

The Paris Exhibition.

VIENNA, Jan. 29.—The budget committee, by a vote of 15 to [illegible], rejected, on economical grounds, the grant of 600,000 florins to defray expenses of the participation of Austria in the Paris exhibition of 1878. The minority of the committee, however, propose to appeal to the Reichsrath against the decision.

Bank of England.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—Amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day, £120,000.

This is from the Salt Lake *Tribune*: By letter from several Mormon tramps in New Zealand, we learn that "they have succeeded, after many difficulties, in baptizing fifteen." In justice, however, to the fifteen natives, it is necessary to state that they were all dead when the baptizing took place.

The Mormon powers of Salt Lake City are engaged in the laudable work of trying to catch hotel keepers admitting "bad characters" to their houses.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.

The Senate, at 2:30 P. M., proceeded to elect the five members of that body to represent it in the commission authorized by the electoral count bill. It was ordered that each senator be examined, and that he rise in his place and announce the names of the five Senators whom he desired to serve on the commission. Cragin, of New Hampshire, nominated Messrs. Edmunds, Morton and Frelinghuysen, and Stevenson, of Kentucky, nominated Messrs. Thurman and Bayard. Roll was then called, and they were unanimously elected. Only abstainers were Dennis, Eaton, Hamilton, Harvey, Howe, Norwood and Price.

Hamilton, from the committee on rules, reported that after consultation with house committee concerning the rule governing admission to the [illegible] during the electoral count, they had agreed on a concurrent resolution directing the sergeants-at-arms, respectively, to appoint [illegible] special [illegible] men to act during the canvass of the vote or whenever necessary, the expense to be paid equally from the contingent fund of each house. Hamilton explained, that the metropolitan police being [illegible], it was the object of the [illegible] to have special policemen to look after the [illegible] who would be here. After [illegible] agreed to.

The Secretary of the Senate was instructed to notify the House of Senate's selection of members of the compromise commission.

Wright submitted a resolution to print [illegible] copies of the President's message approving the electoral count bill.

Cameron's resolution directing the Vice President to procure a hundred copies of [illegible] Constitution for the use of the Senate, [illegible] obtainable at $1 50 per copy, agreed to.

Boutwell, from the conference committee on the bill revising U. S. statutes, submitted a report; agreed to.

Numerous petitions were presented, asking the adoption of a constitutional amendment prohibiting States from disfranchising persons on account of sex. Christiancy, in presenting the petitions, said not a drunkard, gambler or person of vicious life was among the petitioners, and he concluded from observation in Michigan, where over [illegible] votes were given for female suffrage, the [illegible] advocating this amendment were the most intelligent people of the country.

Cockrell reported with an amendment the bill to provide for the disposition of Fort [illegible] military reservation, in Oregon; [illegible] calendar.

Wright [illegible]

[illegible]

Without action, the House adjourned.

The *Mercury* gives an account of a free fight which occurred at a church in Albany last Sunday. The story is that a man and his wife, living in that city, having separated, their child was in the keeping of the wife's parents, who went to church Sunday morning, taking the child with them. During the services the mother came in and seized her child and started for the door with it. She was rapidly followed by other parties (relations on both sides,) and on gaining the sidewalk outside the church, a general row ensued. Blows were exchanged, pistols were drawn and a general free fight occurred. Several arrests were made.

The number of persons in Salem school district, between the ages of 4 and 20, according to the official census, is 1,[illegible], [illegible] of whom are attending the district schools, and [illegible] attend the University and the Sisters' school.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. E. C. LONG, Portland.

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Sole Agents for the

J. H. CUTTER

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(Successors to F. J. [illegible], deceased.)

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REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENTS.

Office—446 California St., San Francisco, California.

Particular attention given to the taking of Depositions.

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 31, 1877.

WHY NOT TELL ALL ABOUT IT?

Perhaps the very highest ideal of political morals and personal delicacy would forbid that a candidate for the exalted position of chief magistrate of the nation, should expend money, even for the purpose of vindicating his claims and establishing his legal right to the office by the recognized means which the law provides for settling such questions. Perhaps, viewing the subject from this elevated stand-point, it might be considered that unless the people, by whom the choice is to be made, do not desire the success of a particular man with enough earnestness and ardor to take upon themselves the burden of securing for him whatever advantages the law gives him in the matter of compiling and certifying the votes cast for him, it is not in order for him to take the case in hand, make it a matter of personal interest, and fight for the place after his supporters have abandoned him. But this would be putting the standard of conduct a good deal higher than the habits and customs of American politics have ever yet justified any one in expecting to see it put in actual practice. The personal interest and ambition of the candidate will hardly be denied the right to assert itself, whatever force may be given to the theory that it is for the people and not the candidate to assert the right of choice as to who shall fill the trust of first officer of the nation. Mr. Tilden, therefore, would have done himself far less discredit, in any practical view of his conduct, by making a plain and unequivocal avowal of his connection with the Oregon case, and how far he was cognizant of the facts in the premises, than by attempting to shuffle out of it through the gauzy device of excessive officiousness on the part of his nephew and private secretary, Pelton. It is barely possible Tilden's "barrel of money" may not have been the resource of Pelton, in arranging for the transfers, which it required so many complicated transactions among bankers to effect; but when this is conceded, all is conceded which reason will permit. It is possible, but not probable. All the circumstances of the case and of the parties point to the opposite conclusion, and it is not going to be an easy thing for Mr. Tilden to make his explanation go down with the general public. [illegible] either furnished the money, or he is the victim of a combination of circumstances which do him an injustice which he will not find it easy to undo. And if the money was expended only for legitimate purposes—and there is thus far no evidence to the contrary except the apparent desire to conceal something in connection with it—his friends are doing him incalculable injury by their shyness in dealing with the facts. If there is nothing in it which any person should shrink from having brought to light, why not tell all about it in a straightforward manner?

FROM "SIGNS" TO SCIENCE.

Simultaneously with the verification of the prediction of the signal service bureau, telegraphed from Washington last Sunday, of a change of weather on this coast, we are in receipt of the bulletin of international meteorological observations, issued from the bureau, in which are exhibited the extent and completeness of the system by which these extraordinary forecasts of atmospheric disturbances are made. This bulletin contains reports of observations made at exactly the same moment at over five hundred different points on the earth's surface, including all parts of the civilized world. Every country in America, Europe, Asia, Africa and the islands of the sea, where civilization has got a foothold, is made to contribute to the development of this new and useful science. This is accomplished by a system of international exchanges of observations. Thus all countries enjoy the benefits of the record, and all are required to do their part in order to make it complete and reliable. General Albert J. Myer, to whose zeal and efficiency more than to the labor of any other person the development of the system is due, has recently procured an order from the Secretary of the Navy, by which observations are to be taken at a given hour—7:35 A. M., Washington mean time—on board all vessels of the navy, whether in port or on the high seas, and if on the high seas, the report shall also state exactly the latitude and longitude of the place of observation. Of course these observations at sea can be of no utility in estimating immediate probabilities for distant points, as they can be transmitted at once; but they will serve a useful purpose in enlarging the data on which those in charge of the bureau base their system, and thus will aid in bringing the science which is rendering such valuable service even in its infancy, to a greater degree of perfection. Had a man stood up a quarter of a century ago and asserted that, by comparative observation of the temperature, humidity and pressure of the atmosphere and the direction of the currents of the air at various places, he could predict with almost mathematical certainty the changes of weather to take place forty-eight or sixty hours afterward, the scientific world would have pronounced him a visionary, the religious world would have denounced him for a blasphemer, and the average of the rest of mankind would have called him a crazy man. How far the education which the world has now received on this subject falls short of the possibilities of the new-born science, none can say. The next twenty-five years may demonstrate that what we wonder at to-day is but the faintest suggestion of the future triumphs of a science whose importance is already recognized in the marine commerce of the world.

The population of New York increased about 80 per cent during the 16 years from 1860 to 1876. The number of officers increased 100 per cent and their aggregate compensation 150 per cent during the same time.

A correspondent of the New York *Tribune* insists that if the decision in the case of Dr. See is to be held as authority, women must not be allowed to sing in church.

The New York papers have settled down to the conclusion that the Bennett-May duel was a sham, and that nobody was hurt. The parties were too great cowards either to fight or to refuse to fight. They went off and feigned a battle, and made a false report as to the result; and then they had not the manliness to face the law they had pretended to outrage and hid round from place to place, eluding the search of the police with a skill which showed an unsavory familiarity with the tactics of a class of people for whom rewards are sometimes offered. They have fully entitled themselves to rank among "gentlemen of honor" by conducting themselves all through this affair in a way that would be impossible to men possessed of a moderately acute sense of decency. It is a fit ending to a business in which the morality of barbarians was taken for the standard of honorable conduct.

An enthusiastic Democrat of the New York legislature the other day aired his Democracy in this wise: "From all sections of the Democratic party we have heard these encouraging words: 'Retrenchment and Reform!'" He might have added with equal truth that from all those "sections of the Democratic party" which have control of city or State governments, the country hears not a word indicating a disposition either to reform or to retrench, though both are worse needed in such places than in any other places in the Republic. Those "encouraging words" have precious little encouragement in them in the light of the facts about Democratic government.

The New York *Times*, is still fighting against the settlement of the Presidential question. The *Tribune* on the other hand accepts the situation, though not conceding the point of constitutionality, and says it is the duty of all parties to acquiesce in the result when reached. This is surely wise advice. The method of adjustment desired by the joint committee is now a law, and its constitutionality will never be successfully contested. It is therefore the plain duty of the country to accept in good faith the decision, when announced, and to forget the bitterness of the conflict which made such a tribunal necessary.

The testimony of Littlefield concerning Louisiana matters, which is given in this morning's telegrams, makes an ugly showing. It must be borne in mind, however, that Littlefield, by his own statements, is a person whose statements should be received with great caution, and not credited unless corroborated by other witnesses or strong circumstantial evidence. A man who would do what he swears he did, in compiling the election returns, is not likely to be over-scrupulous about his word.

It is evident that Mr. Congressman Buckner, of Missouri, has mistaken the character of a vast majority of the men with whom his lot and labor are cast. Nothing short of a total misapprehension of the spirit that has carried the electoral vote bill through Congress could have caused or permitted him to attempt the small lawyer's trick for which he was so mercilessly snubbed yesterday.

The Senate has appointed Edmunds, Frelinghuysen and Morton, Republicans, and Thurman and Bayard, Democrats, as the Senate members of the tripartite court. If the questions that may be submitted be not thoroughly handled it will not be for lack of ability in the Senate branch of the tribunal.

"In a word," says the Sacramento *Record-Union*, "while Hayes may get the Presidency through the agency of the commission, it is impossible for him to get it any other way."

The House names Payne, Hunton and Abbott, Democrats, and Hoar and Garfield, Republicans, to compose the House branch of the electoral court.

Another friend saved. McDonald, or *General* McDonald, the prominent whisky ring convict, has received an unconditional pardon.

It appears the Democratic bulldozers have abandoned the effort to crowd Gen. Garfield off the electoral vote court.

Rev. Dr. Deems is preparing a biography of his friend and patron, the late Commodore Vanderbilt.

The 8th of January is to be known hereafter as "Intimidation Day."

The St. Paul *Pioneer Press* expresses the opinion that the rascals are not all on one side, and believes that opinion is sufficiently justified by these two dispatches:

Wm. M. Gwin to James K. Kelly: I have supposed I had reason to rely upon your State. I have private advices that efforts are being made to count us out. Spare no exertion or expense in looking after the State. I will be responsible, and rely upon you. Answer at what hour you receive this to me, at the New York Hotel.

Wm. E. Chandler to Keogh of North Carolina: At this hour of writing it looks as if 185 votes had been given to Hayes, counting Louisiana, Florida and Oregon, but not North Carolina, and we trust the latter will prove, when the returns are all in, to have gone for Hayes. If, however, it has not, and the State is close, and there has been intimidation or fraud on the part of the Democrats, we trust that your Republican Governor will not give any certificate to the electors. The Governor of Oregon is a Democrat, while North Carolina is the only close State necessary to the Democrats where we have a Republican Governor. They must not be allowed fairer play in North Carolina than we get in Oregon.

MARRIED:

In this city, Jan. 22, by Rev. J. H. Acton, William Lynn White and Kate A., daughter of Capt. W. W. Neilson.

NEW TO-DAY.

LOST,

A LARGE ENVELOP CONTAINING SEWING Machine Leases of the Singer Co. The papers can be of no use whatever to any one except the Company. The finder will please return to the Singer office, corner First and Yamhill, and receive pay for their trouble. 1t

Notice to Tax-Payers.

EAST PORTLAND CITY TAXES FOR THE Year 1877 are now due, and to save costs must be paid within thirty days from date.

Office open until 8 o'clock P. M.

W. S. GORDON, City Treasurer.
Corner Fourth and I streets, East Portland.
January 30, 1877. ja31d1tc

JUST RECEIVED

AT THE

CITY OF PARIS,

Per Steamer "Ajax,"

VELVETEENS & VELVET

Of all shades for Masquerade Suits. Also,

Gold and Silver Trimmings

Of all descriptions.

MRS. H. BACH,
Cor. Second and Morrison streets.

Just Received.

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND,

1314 DOZ. FLOWERPOTS,

Assorted sizes.

For sale by
HACHENEY & STEMME,
SEED DEPOT,
Corner Taylor and First sts.

NEW TO-DAY.

Fine White Flannels. Plain & Twill'd Scarlet Flannels, for sale at 107 Third st., by JOHN WILSON.

WANTED.

A NICELY FURNISHED HOUSE FIVE OR six Rooms; with Bath. Location central. No children. Address, P. O. Box 510. ja27d6t

SANFORD'S
RADICAL CURE
FOR CATARRH.

MEETS THE WANTS OF THOUSANDS.

Gentlemen—We have sold SANDFORD'S RADICAL CURE for nearly one year, and can say candidly that we never sold a similar preparation that gave such universal satisfaction. We have to learn the first complaint yet. We are not in the habit of recommending patent medicines, but your preparation meets the wants of thousands, and we think those afflicted should be convinced of its great merit, so that their suffering will be relieved. We have been in the drug business for the past twelve years constantly, and sold everything for Catarrh, but yours leads all the rest. If you see proper you can use this letter or any part of it that you wish.
Very truly yours, S. D. BALDWIN & CO.,
Wholesale and retail dealers in drugs, books and Stationery, Washington, Ind., Feb. 29, 1876.

6000 FEET ABOVE THE SEA.

The following testimonials are from Messrs. J. O. Bosworth & Co., Denver, Col., large and influential druggists. They report unprecedentedly large sales and universal satisfaction. No other disease is so alarmingly prevalent in that region. They speak of the following gentlemen as among their best citizens:

SORELY AFFLICTED.

J. O. Bosworth & Co., Denver, Col.: Gentlemen—Prompted by a fellow-feeling for those afflicted with Catarrh, I wish to add my testimony in behalf of SANDFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH. I have been sorely afflicted with this fearful disease for four years, and have tried every known remedy without avail, until I bought a bottle of the above CURE from you, which gave me almost instant relief. It being a constitutional as well as local remedy, I believe it to be all that is claimed for it, a Radical Cure for Catarrh. Very truly yours, WM. AMETIVE,
Denver, Sept. 28, 1875. With Fenton, Bliss & Co.

GREATLY AFFLICTED.

Messrs. J. O. Bosworth & Co., Denver: Gentlemen—I take pleasure in recommending SANDFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH to all who are afflicted with this disease. I was greatly afflicted with it for a long time, and cured it with two bottles of the above CURE. About a year afterwards I was again taken with Catarrh quite severely, and immediately sent for another bottle, which fixed me all right, giving me relief from the first dose. I am confident that such a remedy will do all that is claimed for it and more too. Wishing you success in its introduction, I am, very truly yours,
A. W. SMITH,
Denver, Oct. 4, 1875. of Smith & Doll.

TRIED EVERYTHING.

Messrs. J. O. Bosworth & Co., Denver: Gentlemen—I have used Sandford's Radical Cure for Catarrh, and it has given perfect satisfaction. I have tried almost everything, and it is the only thing that has given me relief. I therefore take pleasure in recommending its use to all afflicted with Catarrh of any kind, and offer this as my testimony to its benefits. Very truly, W. S. DECKER.
Denver, Oct. 1, 1875.

Each package contains Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, and full directions for use in all cases. Price $1 00 per package. For sale by all wholesale and retail druggists throughout the United States. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston.
CRANE & BRIGHAM and REDINGTON & CO., Wholesale Agents, San Francisco.
Ask for and insist on having

SANFORD'S
RADICAL CURE
FOR CATARRH.

LAME BACK
And RHEUMATISM,

CURED BY

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS.

Messrs. Weeks & Potter: Gentlemen—One year ago I was seized with a severe attack of Rheumatism in my right hip, to which I was subject. I tried the various liniments and rheumatic cures, but without the least benefit, when my son, a druggist, suggested one of your COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS. The effect was almost magical, for to my grateful surprise, I was almost immediately well again, and was able to work upon my farm as usual, whereas, before the application of the Plaster, I could do nothing, and every step gave me pain. A few weeks since, one year from the first attack, the disease returned, but I am happy to say the second Plaster proved as efficacious as the first, and I am now well. My wife wishes me to add that one plaster cured her of a very lame back. We think there is nothing in the world of remedies that can compare with the COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER for Rheumatism and Lame Back, and cheerfully recommend them to the suffering. Yours very respectfully,
ROBERT COTTON.
Orland, Me., June 6, 1876.

NOT A QUACK NOSTRUM.

Gentlemen—I hereby certify that for several years past I have used the VOLTAIC PLASTERS in my practice, and have never known them to fail in affording speedy relief in those cases for which they are recommended. They are not a quack nostrum but a remedial agent of great value.
Very truly yours, W. C. COLLINS, M. D.
Bucksport, Me., May 27, 1874.

Sold everywhere at 25 cents. Sent by mail carefully wrapped, on receipt of 25 cents for one, $1.25 for six, or $2.25 for twelve, by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.
REDINGTON & CO. and CRANE & BRIGHAM, Wholesale Agents, San Francisco.
ja31W&Saw2w

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon. In Bankruptcy. In the matter of J. W. Bercaw, Bankrupt. District of Oregon, ss. This is to give notice that on the 16th day of January, 1877, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, against the estate of J. W. Bercaw, of Albany, Linn county, in said District, who has been duly adjudged a bankrupt upon petition of his creditors, that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Portland, in said District, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1877, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of H. H. Northup, Room No. 8 in Dekum's Building, Register in Bankruptcy of said District.
ABNER W. WATERS,
2t U. S. Marshal for said District.

U. S. Claims—Land for Soldiers—Land and Rich Mines for Sale or Trade.

COLLECT SCRIP, INDIAN VOUCHERS, BOUNTY, New Orleans and other prize money now due, and postoffice claims; obtain pensions for officers, soldiers, sailors, wounded, injured or deceased, and their widows and children; patents, caveats, title to land, and land warrants for soldiers in all wars before 3d of March, 1855, and attend to all business at Washington. Locate timber land, college scrip, and homesteads on lands near Portland, O., and elsewhere. Will sell cranberry land with natural vines growing on it; swamp, prairie and timbered land, at prices lower than usual. Rich placer, gravel beds, and quartz ledges for sale or trade. Will send to claimants all legal papers ready to sign to collect all kinds of claims.
Apply to C. M. CARTER,
Office, corner Third and Main,
ja31d6t Portland, Oregon.

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A Large Consignment just received at

J. K. GILL & CO'S.

Sent by Mail to any Address.

VALENTINES!

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Importers and Dealers in

WINES AND LIQUORS!

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC CIGARS!

S. W. corner Second and Morrison streets.

Sole Agents for P. Vollmer's Old Kentucky Bourbon.

ASTONISHING RESULTS

CONTINUE FROM THE USE OF WARNER'S HAIR REMEDY. It produces new, natural hair on shining scalps. Falling hair checked in a few days. Those having used it will vouch for its merits. To produce Hair, $2 00 a bottle; to check falling hair $1 00 a bottle. Call or address MRS. E. S. WASS, 50 Morrison st., Portland. a18d1m

HOLIDAY GOODS.

MEERSCHAUM PIPES AND CIGAR HOLDERS, Warranted Cutlery. Lowest Prices in town. Repairing done.

JOHN L. GEORGE,
First Street, between Salmon and Main.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE [illegible]

FIFTH GRAND

MASQUERADE BALL.

OF THE

Portland Turn Verein,

AT

TURN HALLE,

ON

Monday, February 12, 1877.

PRICES OF ADMISSION FOR

Gents, (Masked)	$3 00
Ladies, (Masked)	1 00
Reserved Seats	1 00

Gents' and Ladies' Mask Tickets can be had of Alisky & Hegele and of the Committee of Arrangements. Reserved Seats only at Alisky & Hegele's.

PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED TO
The most Elegant Lady and Gent Mask.
The most Comical Lady and Gent Mask.

☞Orders for Hacks left with the Committee will be promptly attended to.

Doors will be opened at 7 o'clock. Grand March of Masks at 8½.

☞All Masks must identify themselves to the Committee.

☞No admittance for hoodlums, bunkos or other relative *doubtful* characters.

The Committee:

P. WAGNER, H. W. DILG, S. P. HOEFER,
W. MAST, D. ZINSLY.

MASKS! MASKS! MASKS!

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

AT

Ackerman's Dollar Store.

SELECT

MILITARY BALL!

Under the auspices of the

EMMET GUARD,

AT

TURN VEREIN HALL!

ON

Tuesday Evening, Feb. 6, 1877.

Reception Committee.

Capt. L. WALTON, 1st Lieut. JAS. NOONAN,
2d Lieut. JAMES BYRNS.

Floor Managers.

Lieut. J. BYRNS, 1st Serg't W. J. DALY,
2d Serg't G. T. MANNING, T. O'MALLEY.

TICKETS......$1 50

DANCING ACADEMY.

Brick Building,
Corner of Morrison and Second Streets.,
Entrance on Second.
Classes—Monday and Thursday Evenings,
Children's Class—Saturday at 2 o'clock.
GOOD TEACHERS AND GOOD MUSIC.

DANCING SCHOOL!
At ODD FELLOWS' HALL,

EAST PORTLAND.

Classes every Wednesday Evening, commencing at 8 o'clock.
Competent Teachers and Good Music.
ja18d1m

GRAND OPENING

OF THE

[illegible]

Elegant Display

OF

LADIES' SUITS,
CLOAKS,
FANCY GOODS,
[illegible]

JOS. HARRIS & SON,
FIRST STREET,
Near Morrison.

BARBOUR'S THREAD,
Cotton Seine Twine and Rope

SUITABLE FOR SALMON NETS.

PAGE'S OARS,

Anchors, Tar, Pitch, Oakum, Tackle Blocks, Cordage,

And all kinds of

Boat Builders' Material,

AT LOWEST RATES.

NORTHRUP & THOMPSON,
131 Front st., Portland, Or.

FOR HONOLULU—DIRECT.

THE HAWAIIAN BARQUE
"MATTIE MACLEAY,"

GEORGE POPE......Master

Will have quick dispatch for the above port.
For Freight or Passage apply to
ja29d3: CORBITT & MACLEAY.

NOTICE.

A LIMITED NUMBER OF SHARES OF STOCK in the Josephine Gold and Silver Mining Company can be had on application at the Secretary's Office, Southwest corner of Stark and Second streets. ja27d3t

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

We are in Receipt of a very Large Assortment of

MEN'S UNDERWEAR.

Ties, Shirts, (Hathaway),

Gloves of Dent, Allcroft & Co' celebrated make,

&c., &c.

This Department of our Stock is now replete with everything that is useful and ornamental in

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

and we mean to keep it so.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

JUST RECEIVED

AT

J. F. D. WRINKLE & Co's
NEW
[illegible]

Corner Salmon and First Streets.

A LARGE STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS,

In all the New Shades, at 25c per yd. and upwards.

FINE FRENCH BLACK CASHMERES, 40 in. wide, $1 per yd.

FINE FRENCH COL'D CASHMERES, in all the new shades, at reduced rates.

BLACK ALPACAS, 25c per yd. and upw'ds

BLACK and COL'D ZEPHYR CLOTHS.

A full Stock of Bleached and Brown SHEETINGS, in all widths.

COTTON and WOOL FLANNELS, at prices below competition.

WATERPROOFS, in Plaids and Plain colors, 75c to $1 25 per yd.

FELT SKIRTS, 75c and upwards.

COTTON and WOOL HOSIERY, all qualities.

A good quality Two-Button KID GLOVE, $1 00 per pair.

Best quality French Two-Button KID GLOVE, $1 50 per pair.

1000 Articles of FANCY GOODS, too numerous to mention.

Ladies' and Gents' FURNISHING GOODS, all prices.

We guarantee our Goods to be just as represented and DEFY COMPETITION.

J. F. D. WRINKLE & CO.,
Cor First and Salmon sts.

REMOVAL.

MRS. CHAS. TICHNOR'S

Novelty and Fancy Goods Store

TO 166 FIRST STREET,
Between Morrison and Yamhill.

READ OUR PRICE LIST:

Ladies' Merino Vest and Drawers from 75 cts. upwards.
Woolen Jackets $1 00 and upwards.
Children's do. 75 cents.
Corsets, from 50 to $5 00.
Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Aprons, Spanish Lace Scarfs, Cardinal Ties,

And everything else in the Fancy Goods line sold at reduced rates.

N. B.—MASQUERADE COSTUMES for rent cheap, and all kind of MASKS for sale.

P. van FRIDAGH,

Dry Goods, Millinery, Notions.

A Complete Stock in Every Department of

Fall and Winter Styles

LADIES' GENTLEMEN'S & CHILDREN'S UNDERCLOTHING.

WHEELER & WILSON.

CARD.

WE BEG TO INFORM THE PUBLIC that Mr. CHAS. V. WILKINS has this day resigned the management of our Agency at this point, and in his stead is appointed Mr. F. W. GODDARD.

The business will be continued as formerly in the name of the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Co.

It is our pleasure here to attest to the faithfulness, ability and success which has characterized the management of Mr. Wilkins, and deeply regret the causes (ill health) which have led to his resignation.

In returning our thanks to the people of Oregon, Washington and Idaho for their liberal patronage in the past, we bespeak for our new manager, Mr. Goddard, a continuance of the same.

WHEELER & WILSON MANF'G CO.
W. T. FONDA, Gen' Agent.
WM. McKIBBEN, Supervisor.
ja25d2w

SUCCESSORS TO
HODGE, [illegible] & CO.
[illegible]
WINDOW GLASS &c.
NOS. 75 FRONT & 76 FIRST STS.
PORTLAND, OREGON.

NOTICE.

MR. W. H. UTTER, formerly of the firm of Neimeyer & Utter, will be pleased to meet his friends and former customers at CURRIER & CO'S, where he is now located, having taken charge of the Tailoring Department of that firm. ja22d1m

WILLIAMS & FULLER

Having purchased the

EMPIRE BAKERY,

Washington st., bet. Second and Third,

Are prepared to supply all their customers and the public generally with the choicest

BREAD, CRACKERS, ROLLS, Etc., Etc.

Bread Tickets issued by the old firm redeemed.
a25d1m

NOTICE.

MR. WM. F. GIBSON IS AUTHORIZED TO sign our firm name per procuration.
JAMES LAIDLAW & CO.
Portland, 25th January, 1877.

WANTS.

A PARTNER WANTED,

IN A FINE WELL LOCATED AND GOOD PAYing SAW MILL in Wenatchee Prairie, W. T., or willing to sell mill at a fair price. For particulars apply to [illegible] Agent, Portland, Oregon. ja30d2w

AGENTS WANTED.

TWO GOOD AGENTS WANTED. FOR PARticulars inquire at the office of the American Exchange Hotel, Portland. ja29d4t

AGENTS. 12 ELEGANT OIL CHROMOS, size [illegible], by mail post-paid for $1.00. Send address for Illustrated Catalogue. F. MUNSON, Man'r, 10 Geary street, San Francisco. d 2&wly

TO LET.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, WITH BATH ROOM, N FOURTH ST., between D and E, where there are no children. ja25d2w MRS. T. TRENGOVE.

TO RENT.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT board, in a private family, N. E. corner A and Fourth. ja5d1m

TO RENT.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS TO RENT BY THE DAY or week, with the accommodation of the Parlors. Cor. Front and Ash sts.

FOR SALE.

TAKE NOTICE.

ON ACCOUNT OF MY LEAVING FOR SAN Francisco, I offer for sale my Overstrung, Steel back PIANO very cheap.
ja13d1m JACOB BLOCH, 1.8 Front st.

DURHAM BULLS FOR SALE.

THREE FINE DURHAM SHORT HORN BULLS, from one to two years old, imported from Iowa, are now in this city and for sale at prices to suit the times. For further information, including examination of pedigree, apply to GEO. COGGAN at St. Charles Hotel, Portland, Oregon. ja12d1m

BUILDINGS FOR SALE.

THE BLACKSMITH, WAGON AND PAINT SHOP buildings on the corner of Jefferson and Front streets, are for sale at a very low figure, with a favorable lease of the ground to run till the fall of 1878; also two spring wagons and one dozen bent shafts.
Enquire of E. NORTHRUP,
ja30 Assignee.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

IN LEWIS COUNTY, W. T., ON [illegible] STORE BUILDing, Lot and Stock of Good [illegible], Hay Shed and Stock in Warehouse, at Chehalis Station, N. P. R. R., County Seat of Lewis county. [illegible] acres of good Wild Bottom Land on Cowlitz river, very light growth of timber. 160 acres of Land 1¼ mile north of Chehalis Station. For particulars and terms enquire of Messrs. J. [illegible] & CO., Portland, Ogn, or GEO. [illegible], Claquato, Lewis Co., W. T.

FOR SALE,
Ship Regent, of Boston,

NOW LYING AT ASTORIA.

980 tons register, or [illegible] tons capacity, built in South Boston, 1860, of the best material, under French Lloyds' Inspection. Repaired and classed April, 1876, 5 6 L1 [illegible] for four years; has two full suits of sails, standing and running rigging in excellent order, and well found in everything. For further particulars apply to or address Captain R. P. Bowden, Astoria, Oregon. ja8d1m

SAN JUAN COUNTY, W. T.
Farms and Sheep Runs

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS AGENT FOR THE Sale or Lease of several valuable FARMS and SHEEP RUNS situated on San Juan and Orcas Islands. Address
D. W. OAKES,
ja1 3m San Juan Island, W. T.

FOR SALE!

A BARGAIN!

375 ACRES OF RICH BOTTOM LAND, ALL cleared but 40 acres, 1 mile from Vancouver, and 4 miles from navigation on Columbia river. A good dairy, as well as a good grain farm. A new frame house and two large barns. 250 tons of timothy hay can be cut each season. The sale will include all stock, farm implements and fine team and wagon. Any person wishing to secure one of the finest locations on the Columbia river, as well as the best bargain ever offered, should not fail to apply immediately. Terms easy. Apply to or address C. W. CLARK,
Portland, Jan. 12, 1877. ja13d1m

SALOON.

STEILACOOM,

And the Celebrated

"BOCK" BEER

AT THE

CAMBRINUS,

FIRST & PINE STREETS.

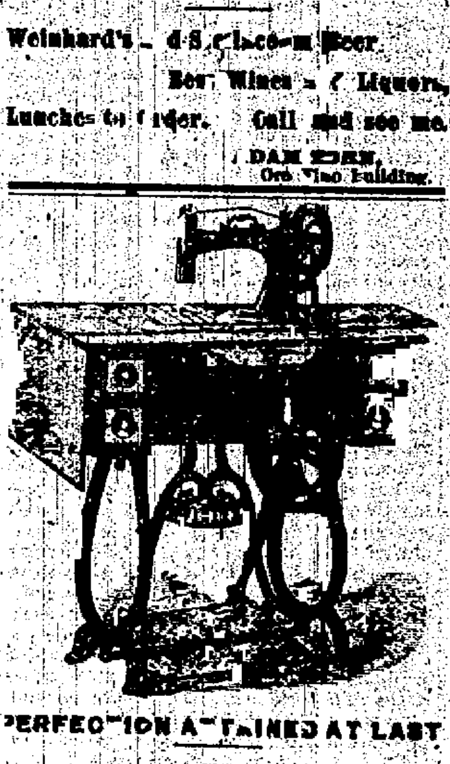
BAVARIAN BEER HALL

Weinhard's Celebrated Beer.

Best Wines and Liquors,

Lunches to order. Call and see me.

DAN EBRN,
Oro Fino Building.



PERFECTION ATTAINED AT LAST

THE

WHITE
Shuttle Sewing Machine!

AFTER 20 YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN THE manufacture of Sewing Machines, the gentlemen composing the White S. M. Co. have produced a Machine that contains all the principles that have given perfect satisfaction in other machines and with their own later improvements embodied in them in the new White Shuttle Sewing Machine, which they now offer to the public as a PERFECT SEWING MACHINE. Use it once and you will use no other. Great inducements offered to purchasers. Old Machines taken in exchange as part payment. Agents wanted in every town in Oregon and W. T.

J. B. LOOMIS, Agent,
123 First st., with Sherman & Hyde's Music Store.

GEO. A. RAYMOND. WM. B. WILSHIRE,
Late with Hall Safe & Lock Co.

AGENCIES

Macneale & Urban Safe & Lock Works, Cincinnati, O.

Buffalo Scale Company, Buffalo, N. Y.

SALESROOM,
105 and 107 CALIFORNIA STREET.

San Francisco, Jan. 2, 1877.

WE BEG TO INFORM OUR FRIENDS THAT we have this day formed a copartnership, for the purpose of conducting the above Agencies. The firm name will be

RAYMOND & WILSHIRE.

We take great pride in calling your attention to the superiority of our goods, and have no hesitation in assuring you that we can furnish

SAFES, SCALES, &c.,

Of a much higher quality and character, at as reasonable prices as charged for inferior work.

Should you require anything in our line, we shall be pleased to furnish you full information, with references, estimates, etc.

We are also Agents for the "YUCKER" MONEY ALARM TILL with Tumbler Lock.

We are, very respectfully,
RAYMOND & WILSHIRE,
105 & 107 California street.

NOTE.—We have on hand a number of New Hall's Safes, direct from the factory of the HALL SAFE AND LOCK CO., which we will sell at a liberal discount from regular prices.

Also a variety of Second hand Safes of the different makes.

INSURANCE.

North British and [illegible]
Fire Insurance [illegible]

OF LONDON AND [illegible]

CAPITAL, [illegible]
Reserve and Surplus Funds [illegible]
Jan. 1st, 1876. [illegible]
Total [illegible]
Premium Receipts [illegible]
Losses Paid in [illegible]
Years [illegible]

OREGON [illegible]

HOME [illegible]
Fire Insurance [illegible]

Capital, [illegible]
Assets, [illegible]
Income, 1875, [illegible]
Losses paid since [illegible]

HAMILTON [illegible]
MANAGER
78 First Street, [illegible]

[illegible] Insurance [illegible]
Capital, [illegible]
Assets, exceed [illegible]
First National [illegible]

EVERDING [illegible]
EXPORTERS AND [illegible]
STAPLE [illegible]
GRAIN SACKS [illegible]
NO. 27 FRONT [illegible]
PORTLAND, [illegible]

SOMETHING [illegible]
MANUFACT[illegible]
I am prepared to furnish
Oiled Clothing, [illegible]
Wagon Covers, [illegible]
Horse Covers, [illegible]
Grain Covers, [illegible]
At San Francisco [illegible]
CHAS. [illegible]
ja26d2w Madison and [illegible]

Eastern and [illegible] Oysters,

IN EVERY STYLE,

AT

ALISKY & [illegible]
Premium Candy [illegible]
No. 105 FIRST STREET

RUBBER STAMPS
5 First Street, Portland, [illegible]

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership heretofore existing between F. Tilden and J. A. Brown under the [illegible] Tilden & Brown, has this day been [illegible] mutual consent, Mr. Thos. F. Tilden [illegible] from Capt. J. A. Brown, is alone [illegible] collect all debts and demands due [illegible] and will continue the business [illegible] own name.
THOS. F. T[illegible]
J. A. BRO[illegible]
Portland, January 19, 1877.

INSURANCE.

North British and Mercantile Fire Insurance Co.,

OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
Reserve and Surplus Fund, Jan. 1st, 1876	5,023,[illegible]
Total	$15,023,[illegible]
Premium Receipts, 1875	4,361,[illegible]
Losses Paid in United States, 8 years	8,183,[illegible]

[illegible] HALL, Gen'l Agent, Ankeny's Block, First [illegible]

ORECON BRANCH

HOME MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company

Capital,	$[illegible]
Assets,	$[illegible]
Income, 1875,	$[illegible]
Losses paid since Organization	$1,137,[illegible]

HAMILTON BOYD, MANAGER,
[illegible] First Street, Portland, Oregon.

UNION Insurance Company
FIRE AND MARINE.
Capital, (PAID UP IN GOLD COIN,) - $750,[illegible]
Assets, exceed - $[illegible]
[illegible] OFFICE FOR OREGON, First National Bank Building, Portland.
W. L. CALDWELL, Agent.

THE STATE Investment & Insurance COMPANY. OF SAN FRANCISCO,
FIRE AND MARINE.
Incorporated in 1871.
[illegible] - $475,000
OFFICERS:
[illegible] A. J. BRYANT, Vice President,
[illegible] CUSHING, Secretary.
[illegible]
A. P. HOTALING & CO.,
Office—[illegible] Front Street, Portland,
[illegible] Agents for Oregon and Washington Terr[illegible]

[illegible] JANSEN & CO.
IMPORTERS AND
Commission Merchants,
AGENTS FOR LLOYD'S.
OFFER FOR SALE,
[illegible] ALE, pints and quarts.
[illegible] & CO'S ALE, pints and qts.
[illegible] & Co's ALE and PORTER.
[illegible] STOUT, pints.
[illegible]
[illegible] PRIVATE CUVEE CHAMPAGNE.
[illegible] RHINE, in bulk, over [illegible] in this market, all at reduced [illegible]
[illegible] POWDER and CURRANTS.
[illegible] and COD LIVER OILS.
[illegible] SALTS and CITRATE OF MAG[illegible]
[illegible] TAPIOCA.
[illegible], CHAIN and ZIG ZAG [illegible] HARROWS.
[illegible] and VARNISHES.
[illegible] OF [illegible] and SODA ASH.
[illegible] SACKS and HESSIANS.
[illegible] and Roping TWINE.

EVERETT & BEEBE,
[illegible] Commission Merchants,
EXPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
[illegible]
OF ALL KINDS
STAPLE GROCERIES,
FIRE BRICK AND FIRE CLAY,
GRAIN SACKS & TWINE
NO. 27 FRONT ST.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

NOTICE.
SOMETHING NEW!
[illegible]
MANUFACTORY.
am prepared to furnish
Oiled Clothing, Hats,
Wagon Covers,
Horse Covers,
Grain Covers, Etc.,
At San Francisco Prices.
CHAS. SUTTON, Jr.,
[illegible] Madison and Front streets.

[illegible]stern and Shoalwater Bay Oysters,
IN EVERY STYLE.
AT
[illegible]LISKY & REGELE'S
[illegible]remium Candy Factory,
No. 105 FIRST STREET.

[illegible]UDSON, MAKER OF [illegible] STENCILS, RUBBER STAMPS, ETC.
[illegible] First Street, Portland, Oregon.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

[illegible]OTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO-partnership heretofore existing between Thos. [illegible] Tilden and J. A. Brown under the firm name of [illegible] & Brown, has this day been dissolved by [illegible] consent, Mr. Thos. F. Tilden retiring there[illegible]. Capt. J. A. Brown is alone authorized to [illegible] all debts and demands due said late firm, [illegible] will continue the business thereof under his [illegible] name.

THOS. F. TILDEN,
J. A. BROWN.

[illegible]rtland, January 19, 1877. ja22d1m

CITY.

[illegible] FOR ADULTERY.—The truth of [illegible] adage, "that there is no accounting [illegible] has just been demonstrated in this [illegible] complaint of a German named [illegible] warrants were issued by Judge [illegible] Monday night for the arrest of [illegible] wife of complainant, and a [illegible] named James McIntosh. Adult[illegible] charge on which the warrants [illegible]. The circumstances of this some[illegible] and romantic case, as de[illegible] during the course of the examina[illegible] substantially as follows: Vigalius [illegible] city about two years ago, accom[illegible] his family, consisting of a wife and [illegible] children—a boy and two girls. [illegible] respectively 2, 3 and 5 [illegible] that Vigalius and his wife [illegible] along very agreeably together. [illegible] month ago Mrs. Vigalius became [illegible] with McIntosh at a ball. From [illegible] the woman seemed to [illegible] impressed with this tawny [illegible] burning shores, and her good [illegible] soon ripened into intimacy, [illegible] kindled in the breasts of this [illegible] resulted in complete mutual [illegible]. Contrary to the wishes of [illegible] wife brought McIntosh to the [illegible] as a "boarder," but really for [illegible] of having the object of her illicit [illegible] near her. McIntosh had not [illegible] in his new quarters before [illegible] as much authority and [illegible] domestic affairs of the house[illegible] husband. Mrs. Vigalius' [illegible] modest Othello, became [illegible] to her husband, un[illegible] no effort to conceal her [illegible] moved along for about [illegible] finally the husband could [illegible] and in a fit of jealous exas[illegible] the fellow from his house. [illegible] avowed her determina[illegible] and follow her para[illegible] and made no objections, [illegible] do as she pleased about [illegible] infatuated woman went [illegible] her husband and children [illegible] came to the ears of the outraged [illegible] the adulterous couple had taken [illegible] rooms in this city, and were oc[illegible] apartment. He immediate[illegible] warrants for their apprehen[illegible] the papers. Officers Watson [illegible] proceeded to the room about [illegible] day night, arrested the parties [illegible] down to the city jail where [illegible] the night. Yesterday [illegible] had a preliminary ex[illegible] charge of adultery. The evi[illegible] direct and conclusive the [illegible] to answer the charge [illegible], each in the sum of $800. [illegible] furnish the required bonds, [illegible] committed to the county [illegible].

[illegible] F. Powers, the second-[illegible] met with a very narrow [illegible] from serious if not [illegible] with another per[illegible] this city at an early hour [illegible] the express wagon, and [illegible]. Remaining at that [illegible] Powers and his com[illegible] to this city. When [illegible] from Milwaukie, a small [illegible] the harness suddenly gave [illegible] which was a fractious and [illegible] became frightened and [illegible] Powers was unable to manage [illegible] attempts to [illegible] thrown violently to the [illegible] smashing things up generally, [illegible] on its furious career. [illegible] who was in the express [illegible] with a few slight scratches. [illegible] bruised and were shaken up, [illegible] no fractures or se[illegible] injuries. When first hurled to [illegible] felt certain that he [illegible]. Damage to wagon and [illegible].

[illegible] time during last Sep[illegible] named Chas. Ross, alias Reed, [illegible] the county jail at the Dalles, [illegible] confined to await the action of [illegible] on a charge of larceny. Noth[illegible] of the escaped prisoner for a [illegible] few days ago Sheriff J. B. Cros[illegible] county, obtained almost posi[illegible] that Ross was stopping in [illegible] Lappeus received a dispatch [illegible] Sheriff Crossen authorizing [illegible] if he could be found [illegible] search was made by the [illegible] efforts were speedily re[illegible] alias Reed, was soon found [illegible]. He was working in the [illegible] cognomen of John [illegible] is in jail, and will be [illegible] as soon as navigation re[illegible] about $90 in coin, and [illegible] to make brick for the [illegible]

[illegible] remains of the late Ben[illegible] Jacob Mayer, Esq., ar[illegible] yesterday morning in [illegible] bereaved mother and sister. [illegible] the funeral took place from [illegible] the family. Fifty-five car[illegible] sorrowing relatives and [illegible] constituted the cortege. [illegible] contributed by Capt. [illegible] Ajax—were tastefully [illegible]. The following gen[illegible] bearers: Samuel Simon, [illegible] Selling, Simon Selling, [illegible] Jacob Strauss, Herman [illegible] Rev. Mr. May [illegible] appropriate dis[illegible]. At the close of the [illegible] remains were conveyed [illegible] Cemetery, in the southern [illegible], and laid to rest.

[illegible]—From the records of the [illegible] of Observation, Portland, [illegible]

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	29.790	29.900
[illegible]	[illegible]	29.802	29.917
[illegible]	[illegible]	46	53
[illegible]	92	92	93
[illegible]	[illegible]	N.E.	S.
[illegible]	[illegible]	8	8
[illegible]	Lt. Rain.	Cloudy.	Lt. Rain.
[illegible]			58°
[illegible]			48°

[illegible] COUNTY EQUAL RIGHTS Asso[illegible] association was organized for [illegible] of discussing the best means of [illegible] political and financial rights [illegible] to sex. Their subject for the [illegible] will be: "The rights of trial by [illegible] peers." The Society will meet [illegible], at the house of Mrs. D. W. [illegible] Park between Yamhill and [illegible]. The friends of equal rights, [illegible], are invited.

[illegible] ASSAULT.—In the police court yes[illegible] the case of State vs. Charles [illegible] up for preliminary examina[illegible] is charged with assault with [illegible] weapon. He waived examination, [illegible] over to await the action of the [illegible] in the sum of $500. Necessary [illegible] furnished, and defendant released. The prosecuting witness was [illegible] to appear in the sum of $100. He [illegible]

[illegible] McMINNVILLE.—This new craft, [illegible] to ply between this city and [illegible] has been completed and is ready [illegible] yesterday the *McMinnville* steamed [illegible] landers' wharf, and to-day will [illegible] trip up the river. The first [illegible] goods was put on board by [illegible] Schneider & Bros., consisting of [illegible] boots and shoes.

[illegible] BURGLARIZED.—During Monday night [illegible] of B. Hamburger, in Astoria, was [illegible] and a considerable quantity of cloth[illegible]. Chinamen are suspicioned of be[illegible] guilty parties. No arrests have been [illegible]

[illegible]—There will be a meeting of the [illegible] Social Union, connected with the [illegible] M. E. church, at the residence of [illegible] Roberts, this afternoon. All who [illegible] interest in the society are invited to [illegible]

[illegible] suits to rent at J. Harris & Son's.

[illegible]ner's Patent Healing Salve is for [illegible] drug stores and dealers in patent [illegible]. For agencies, address Dr. Hal[illegible] Portland, Oregon.

EUGENE ITEMS.

Our Eugene correspondent, under date of the 30th, sends the following.

A grand masquerade skating carnival is billed for next Friday evening.

Mr. J. A. Stratton, of Salem, paid our town a short visit last week and returned home on Saturday.

Mr. A. W. Waters, U. S. marshal, came up from Portland yesterday on business connected with his office.

"Judge" Brown has quit the practice of law and taken up his old but more profitable trade—that of barbering.

The university grounds have been plowed and fenced and are now ready for seeding, which will be done as soon as the ground will permit.

Two dry goods clerks and a literary gentleman have been having a deal of sport "canning" dogs, up stairs in Henrew's brick. The night watch spoiled their fun.

Rev. J. H. Acton, editor of the *Christian Advocate*, delivered a very interesting lecture at the court house last evening, for the benefit of the M. E. Church of this place.

Last July there was about 50 subscribed by the citizens of town to purchase a flag to present to the fire company. The flag has not been presented, and we have heard quite a number enquiring what has become of the coin.

Mr. J. W. Kanoff, a hop grower, and who purchased nearly all the hops raised in Lane county, has taken leg bail. He wrote his creditors a letter saying that he was ruined and broke up, and that he would never be seen in these parts again, and that it would do no good to stay here and be cursed. He has the best of his creditors some ten or twelve thousand dollars, some of whom need their money badly.

The cook and Chinese dishwasher of one of our hotels had a little "me se" one day last week, in which the Celestial gentleman, by the aid of a hatchet, was about to come off victorious, when a lad waiter came to the rescue of the besieged cook; and by the use of superior muscular strength caused the Chinaman to desist from his murderous assault, and thereby preventing serious injuries.

The Amateurs were greeted with a large audience at their entertainment on the 20th of the present month. Their rendition of the drama "Bread on the Waters" was very good; but the closing farce destroyed the effect of the whole exhibition as well as the reputation of those who participated by associating the names of some of our most esteemed citizens, ladies as well as gentlemen, in acts and scenes that were not very creditable to say the least.

BRIEF NOTES.

Soft weather.

Big Eastern mail.

Warm and showery last evening.

Firemen's election to-morrow night.

Last day of January, and collection day at that.

Only sailing vessel now in port is the *Mattie Macleay*.

Regular meeting Excelsior Lodge, K. of P., this evening.

The steamer brought to this port 438½ tons assorted cargo.

The steamer *Ajax* was 50 hours in accomplishing the voyage from dock to dock.

Ginger trade is said to be looming up since so many fellows have quit drinking whisky.

Miss Mary Pollock, who was attacked with severe hemorrhage of the lungs Monday, is lying quite low.

Dan Owens, the hopeless inebriate, was arrested yesterday afternoon. It was the old story—"drunk again!"

A pleasant surprise was given Miss Sophie Holman, daughter of Capt. Holman, at their residence, Salmon and Tenth streets, on Monday evening. Mirth, music and dancing prevailed for several hours.

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY J.

TUESDAY, Jan. 30, 1877.

A. Schuman, assignee of the estate of V. Schmidt, vs Henry Fleckenstein; order that the demurrer to the complaint be sustained.

Court adjourned to Tuesday next at 10 A. M.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT—DEADY, J.

United States vs Eldridge Hartless; by consent the motion to strike out answer is withdrawn, and order that defendant have ten days to file amended answer.

United States vs Thomas G. Young et al; by consent demurrer to complaint is overruled, and defendants have until the 20th of February next to file answer.

Court adjourned to Monday next at 10 A.M.

PERSONAL.

Hon. A. R. Burbank, of Lafayette, Yamhill county, is in the city on business. We acknowledge a pleasant call last evening from that gentleman.

Eugene A. Cronin, Esq., returned on the steamer *Ajax* yesterday morning from a visit to the national capital. He experienced a pleasant trip, and returns to his home in excellent health and spirits.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

Rose Martin, drunk; fined $15; sent below for 7 days.

J. Lawsen, drank and disorderly; fined $5; committed in default.

John Collins, drunk and disorderly; fined $5; failed to pay and committed.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Read card of C. M. Carter, claim agent.

Flower-pots for all—note Hachney & Stemme's new ad.

Mrs. Ach has received a fresh lot of goods per *Ajax*. The ladies should see them.

Go to Kohn's for your clothing.

The mammoth edition of the WEST SHORE, a magnificent 44-page paper, containing 55 elegant engravings of Oregon and Washington Territory scenes, got up at an expense of over three thousand dollars, is ready to-day at the office of publication, 5 Washington street near Front; also for sale at all book stores, and at Blum's cigar store, corner of First and Alder streets.

The compromise bill is the talk of the nation, likewise Barnes' lunches.

A large assortment of ladies' suits at the Emporium of Fashion.

Masquerade trimmings at J. Harris & Son's.

Mrs. B. A. Owens, M.D., Office and residence, east side First street, between Yamhill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths, combined with Electricity, in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

The Medical Institute of Dr. W. L. Adams, corner of First and Salmon streets, will be removed to Hood river in a few months. Till then chronic diseases of men and women will be treated in Portland as usual. An accomplished lady assistant to give baths to ladies and assist in their treatment always in the office.

Paddock introduced a bill to authorize the board of trustees of Cheyenne, Wyoming Territory, to enter and purchase for use of the city, certain public land; referred to committee on public lands.

Captains and pilots will note the fact that Peter Wilhelm has fitted up two rooms for their especial use at the Fountain, corner Ash and First streets. English papers on file, and everything cosy.

CORNS AND BUNIONS.

NO CURE, NO PAY.—Dr. Halpruner is prepared to make contracts to cure CORNS and BUNIONS, or no pay. The doctor guarantees to cure corns, bunions, chilblains, ingrown nails, and all diseases of the feet, in a very reasonable short time, and without causing the slightest pain or discomfort to his patients. Office, Nos. 6 & 7, Alisky & Regele's building, First street. Office hours 10 to 3. Ladies can be treated at their residence or hotel.

Portland Steam Scouring Mills are again in operation. Blankets scoured, renapped and bleached. Ply and Ingrain Carpets scoured and made clean and bright without changing color. Brussels Carpets threshed by a steam thresher, and spots and every particle of dust taken out. Shawls and table covers cleaned and pressed. Mattresses secured and repicked. Mill—Head of Jefferson st. Leave orders at Powers' Furniture Store or Weeks & Morgan's Grocery Store.

DECISION IN THE U. S. DISTRICT COURT BY JUDGE DEADY.

U. S. District Court—District of Oregon.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 30, 1877.

A. Schuman, Assignee, v. Henry Fleckenstein.

(1) *Transfer of property by insolvent.* A transfer of property by an insolvent debtor, contrary to § 5,128 of the R. S., is contingently valid, and the receipt of the same by the creditor is not tortious and does not itself amount to a conversion of the property.

(2) *Action by Assignee to recover the value of property.* An action by an assignee in bankruptcy to recover the value of goods transferred by the bankrupt contrary to § 5,128 of the R. S. is in substance and effect an action of trover, and the complaint must either allege an actual conversion of the property to the use of the defendant or a demand and refusal to deliver the same to the assignee.

(3) *Damages for detention of or injury to property by creditor.* In such action the assignee may recover damages for the detention of the property, including profits made out of it or injuries received by it while in the possession of the creditor.

DEADY, J.

This action is brought by the assignee of V. Schmidt, a bankrupt, under the bankrupt act, (§ 5,123 of the R. S.,) to recover from the defendant the sum of $311, the alleged value of certain property transferred by said bankrupt to the defendant within two months prior to the filing of the petition against him in bankruptcy, contrary to the provisions of said section.

The defendant demurs, and for cause of demurrer assigns that the complaint does not allege a demand and refusal of the property, or any fact showing its conversion by the defendant. The only allegation in the complaint upon the subject of demand is that the plaintiff before the commencement of this action, "demanded the said sum of $311, the value of said property, from the defendant herein;" and that the defendant has "neglected and refused to pay the same or any part thereof to said plaintiff."

This, of course, is not a demand for the property and a refusal to deliver the same, but merely a demand and refusal to pay an arbitrary sum of money, which the plaintiff assumes is the value of the property.

In Brooke v McCraken (10 N. B. R., 408,) it was suggested by this court that a transfer of property contrary to § 35 of the bankrupt act was not void as against the bankrupt and that therefore the receipt of the property by the party taking the transfer was not tortious, and unless the subsequent detention became wrongful for some other reason, there must be a demand and refusal to make it so.

In Hyde, assignee v Sims & Co., Mr. Justice Hoffman held that a transfer by an insolvent debtor, contrary to § 5,128 supra, has "a contingent validity," because it can only be avoided by the commencement of proceedings in bankruptcy within a certain time thereafter, and therefore in case such transfer is made void by an adjudication in bankruptcy "the creditor who has received the goods cannot be considered a tort feasor until a demand has been made upon him by the assignee."

The right given to the assignee to "recover the property or the value of it is in effect a right to maintain replevin for the possession of the specific property or trover for the conversion of the same. When the property has been sold by the creditor for a certain sum of money the assignee may doubtless adopt the sale and sue for the amount realized therefrom, as for money had and received to his use.

The present action is substantially one of trover—in the nature of an action of trover—for the value of the property and proceeds upon the theory that the defendant has wrongfully converted the same to his own use. "A *conversion* in the sense of the law of trover consists either in the appropriation of the thing to the party's own use and beneficial enjoyment, or its destruction, or in exercising dominion over it, in exclusion or defiance of the plaintiff's right, or in withholding the possession from the plaintiff under a claim of title, inconsistent with his own." (2 Green. Ev. § 642.)

Speaking of the action of trover Chitty says, (Chit. P. 170), "A demand and refusal are necessary in all cases when the defendant became in the first instance lawfully possessed of the goods and the plaintiff is not prepared to prove some distinct, actual conversion;" and gives the following illustration, which seems to be exactly in point—"As when a trader, on the eve of his bankruptcy, made a collusive sale of his goods to the defendant, it was decided that the assignees could not maintain trover without proving a demand and refusal; for the parties contracting were competent at the time; and if the assignees disaffirm the contract, they should give notice by a demand;" citing 2 Hen. Black. 135, and other cases.

The original taking in this case being with the consent of the then owner—the bankrupt—and contingently valid, it was not tortious, and therefore does not amount to a conversion, and no subsequent distinct and actual conversion, being shown, the plaintiff must allege and prove a demand and refusal before he can recover. (Triscony v. Orr, 49 Cal. 617.)

The demand and refusal alleged in the complaint is not of the goods but their assumed value. Because the defendant refused to pay this sum, which may be twice what he believes the actual value of the goods to be, it does not follow that he refuses to deliver the same or is not ready and willing to deliver them whenever duly demanded.

Counsel for the plaintiff, practically admitting that the assignee might have had the goods in question by demanding them, objects to this view of the law, that it will enable a creditor of an insolvent to receive goods from his debtor contrary to § 5,128, supra, and to use them so as to make material gain out of them or seriously depreciate their value and then relieve himself from all liability by simply returning the depreciated or comparatively worthless articles to the assignee upon demand.

But I apprehend such a consequence will not follow. The assignee is as much entitled to recover damages for an injury to or detention of the goods as to recover the possession of them, and under the code, as well as at common law, such damages may be recovered in the action to recover possession. (1 Chit., p. 184, 189; 2 Green, Ev. § 560. Or. Civ. Code, § 91.)

It is also objected by counsel for plaintiff that this is *not* an action of trover but an action under the Code. An action under the Code is in effect an action upon the case—that is the facts and circumstances of the transaction in question; and the action of trover and conversion was also originally nothing but an action on the case—the *case* being, that the defendant had found goods and refused to deliver them to the owner on demand. (1 Chit., p. 167.)

While, then, this is not an action of trover *eo nomine*, it is such in substance and effect, and the cause of action attempted to be stated in the complaint is in fact identical with that upon which trover would lie at common law. A necessary element in the *proof* of this cause of action, where there was no actual conversion, was a demand and refusal of the property. According to the rule and theory of the Code, I think this necessary fact should be alleged in the complaint. See Brooke v. McCraken, supra, and authorities there cited. Section 5,128, supra, does not give the assignee any additional or peculiar remedy in the premises. It provides in effect that a transfer of property contrary thereto shall be void, if the debtor is adjudged a bankrupt within a limited time thereafter. So far, the act annuls and confers rights which would not otherwise be affected or exist. But the additional clause, which declares that in that event "the assignee may recover the property or the value of it from the person so receiving it," is a mere legal conclusion from the premises and does not restrict or enlarge the remedy of the assignee. Recover the property, or its value, how? According to the procedure known to the forum in which the assignee elects to proceed.

Although the bankrupt act declares that the assignee may recover the property or its value, it is to be construed as giving a right to recover the latter, only as a substitute for the former in cases where the property has been destroyed or passed beyond the control of the creditor or been constructively converted to his own use by a refusal to deliver the same upon the due demand of the assignee. In the latter case the assignee has the option to sue for the property or the value. But an action to recover the value of property can only be maintained when the property itself has been actually or constructively converted to the use of the defendant, and the complaint must therefore allege a conversion in terms or its legal equivalent—a demand and refusal. The demurrer is sustained.

M. W. Fechheimer for the plaintiff.
Cyrus Dolph for the defendant.

When you want a capital meal try those served by Fabre.

Go to the Emporium of Fashion for ladies' cloaks.

For furnishing goods go to Kohn's.

COMPLIMENTARY TO CAPT. MACKIE

The following correspondence will require no explanation:

Capt. Peter Mackie, Commander Steamship Ajax—We the undersigned passengers on board the steamer *Ajax*, from San Francisco to Portland, take this method of expressing to you and the officers and crew under your command, our unqualified thanks for the kind and gentlemanly treatment received at your hands during the voyage. We desire further to say, that to your courtesy and able seamanship we are indebted to one of the most pleasant and agreeable sea trips with in our recollection.

G. W. Thorne,	A. P. DeLin,
W. W. Piper,	Miss M. Lynch,
J. S. White,	Jno. A. Bradley.
J. C. Carson,	J. D. Scharff,
Capt. E. H. Rendrich,	Nat Ross,
E. A. Cronin,	Paul Pferdner,
H. S. Wheeler,	E. H. Taylor,
M. F. White,	Sigismund Kutnow,
J. M. Mayer,	Mrs. Jacob Mayer,
A. M. Gleissinger,	Miss Bertha Mayer.

January 29, 1877.

You can save $1 on every hat that you buy at Kohn's. Corner First and Morrison streets.

Do you want an overcoat,
Or underclothes and such like?
Do you want a fine new suit,
Or furnishing goods, the best?
If so, go to Beck & Waldman's.

What the Bilious Require.

Since torpidity of the liver is the chief cause of its disorder, it is evident that what the bilious require is an alterative stimulant which will arouse it to activity, an effect that is followed by the disappearance of the various symptoms indicative of its derangement. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters invariably achieve the primary result mentioned, besides removing the constipation, flatulence, heartburn, yellowness of the skin and whites of the eyes, pain in the right side and under the right shoulder, nausea, vertigo and sick headache, to which bilious invalids are peculiarly subject. As a remedy for chronic indigestion, mental despondency and nervousness the Bitters are equally efficacious, and as a renovant of lost vigor, a means of arresting premature decay, and a source of relief from the infirmities to which the gentler sex is peculiarly subject, they may be thoroughly relied upon.

Mrs. Grundy Says

That SOZODONT eclipses all other preparations for the teeth and gums. And what Mrs. G. says is reiterated most emphatically by ninety-nine one-hundredths of the beauty and fashion of the land.

Remember This.

Now is the time of year for Pneumonia, Lung Fever, Coughs, Colds and fatal results of predisposition to Consumption and other Throat and Lung Disease. BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP has been used in this neighborhood for the past two or three years without a single failure to cure. If you have not used this medicine yourself, go to your Druggist and ask him of its wonderful success among customers. Three doses will relieve the worst case. If you have no faith in any medicine, just buy a Sample Bottle of BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for 10 cents and try it. Regular size bottle 75 cents. Don't neglect a cough to save 75 cents. Agents, Crane & Brigham, Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco.

THE LADIES, ONE AND ALL, pronounce GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP the best clarifier and emollient for the Complexion that they have ever employed. It should be used by all who are anxious to possess unblemished skins.

Without doubt hundreds of people who will read this item are suffering with Kidney Disease in some form, which might be cured with a bottle or two of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*, used internally. Why not try it?

Parson's Purgative Pills, which are now being extensively sold in this State, are purely vegetable, and are mild and gentle in their operation. One is a dose. Good qualities, certainly.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM preserves and restores the complexion; removes freckles, tan and sallowness; makes the skin soft, white and delicate. Its application cannot be detected.

LYON'S KATHAIRON makes beautiful, glossy, luxuriant hair; prevents its falling out or turning gray. It has stood the test of 40 years. Is charmingly perfumed, and has no rival.

CHAS. L. BRAY,
Professor of Music,
Teacher of the Piano, Violin, Guitar and Cornet.
Leave orders at SHERMAN & HYDE'S, or at residence, cor. Fourth and Morrison streets.

GEO. H. CHANCE. J. WELCH.
CHANCE & WALCH,
Dentists,
Office—FIRST STREET,
(Odd Fellows' Temple.)

FINNEN'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE,
Opposite Strowbridge's Block, has on hand and for sale a large assortment of fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, the best, cheapest and largest assortment in the city. Call, judge for yourself, and be convinced that I give more satisfaction for your money than any other retail store here.
98 FIRST STREET.

NOTICE.

The undersigned in taking leave of Portland returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage that has been bestowed, and would bespeak for his successors a continuance of the same.

Both DRS. BARBER & NICKLIN, are gentlemen in every way competent and worthy of any confidence that may be placed in them, and as such I can conscientiously recommend them to my former friends and patrons.

J. H. HATCH.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 7½ o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

OMNES PROSINT.
WM. PFUNDER,
APOTHECARY & CHEMIST,
Ankeny's New Market Theater Block
Portland, Oregon.
Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

UNDERTAKERS.

JOHN EWERY. A. P. DELIN. JOHN GARNOLD
EWERY, DeLIN & GARNOLD,
Cabinet Makers & Undertakers
DEALERS IN
Metallic & Wooden Coffins, Caskets, Cases
and all kinds of Undertakers Goods.
All kinds of CABINET WORK made to order.
Furniture Repaired.
Corner Washington and Second Sts., Portland, Ogn.

H. COOKE. C. P. CRAFT
COOKE & CRAFT,
UNDERTAKERS,
and Dealers in Undertakers' Goods,
77 Second St., bet. Washington and Stark,
Portland, Oregon P. O. Box 194.

900 Each of 11 & 12 ft. Page's make,
Best Eastern Oars.
FOR SALE LOW.
Shelf and Builders' Hardware,
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
&c., &c., at
JOHN R. FOSTER'S,
97 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK.

TO MY FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC.

I HAVE SOLD MY ENTIRE STOCK AND BUSINESS to MR. P. E. BRIGHAM, who will hereafter conduct the Millinery business at the same place, 71 First street, next door to Messrs. Ladd & Tilton's bank. Thankful for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon me for the past five years, I would request my friends to continue the same to my successor in the business. MISS PARKER, the young lady who has charge of the Millinery Department is fully competent to execute first class work, having had large experience in first class houses in San Francisco, and I am confident will give entire satisfaction. Respectfully,

ja23d1m. JENNIE MACNAMARA.

HOUSE RAISING AND MOVING.
THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREPARED TO DO all kinds of work in the House Raising and Moving Business. Also all kinds of Street Work on short notice.
J. D. PATRIDGE,
J. D. DREW.
Office south side Washington street, between Third and Fourth.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. WILSON'S
OFFICE REMOVED TO HIS NEW ROOMS AT his residence B and Fourth streets, entrance on B street.

DR. GLISAN'S
OFFICE HAS BEEN REMOVED TO STROWbridge's Building, corner of First and Alder streets. ja15d1m

REMOVAL.
DR. SLOAN HAS REMOVED TO THE NEW block on Second, between Morrison and Yamhill streets. Office—Rooms 1, 2, 3 and 4.

DR. LITTLEFIELD,
Physician and Surgeon
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Office—Rooms Nos. 1 and 3, Strowbridge Building, Corner First and Alder streets.
Residence, corner Seventh and College streets.
Office Hours, 9 to 11 A. M., and 2 to 4 and 6 to 8 P.M.

DR. J. A. PILKINGTON,
OCULIST AND AURIST,
Office, Dekum's Block.
Diseases of the EYE, EAR, THROAT and NOSE (particularly Chronic Nasal Catarrh) treated as specialties.
Prescriptions for the proper spectacles for relief of long, short or weak vision.
A fine stock of Artificial Eyes kept.

FLECKENSTEIN & MAYER
PORTLAND, OREGON.
[illegible]
12 FRONT STREET,
Jobbers & Wholesale Dealers
IN
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS.
A Very Large Assortment
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
Branch House of LIVINGSTON & CO., San Francisco.

Great Bargains.
THE ENTIRE STOCK OF
BOOTS & SHOES
AT THE
[illegible]
WILL BE
Sold at Cost for Cash
FOR THE
Next 30 Days,
To make room for a Large Stock of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS.
D. CAHALIN,
Cor. First and Stark streets.

A. L. FRANCIS,
DEALER IN
Pianos and Organs.
The World Renowned
"WEBER,"
Which has no Equal.
The "Standard Organ,"
Most Beautiful in Design, Most Musical in Tone, Most Durable in Workmanship, as is also the
Grand Square Sherman & Hyde Piano,
The Store Piano and German Upright.
We keep no store and pay no rent, which enables us to sell at Prices and on Terms never before known. Address P O Box 235, Portland, Oregon. ja5d1m

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
"PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE "ONLY GOOD SAUCE," And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.
EXTRACT of a Letter from a Medical Gentleman at Madras to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851.
"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made.
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
LEA & PERRINS'
SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.
Lea & Perrins
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
au9d1awlyW NEW YORK.

MARK & JORGENSEN,
No. 36 North Front Street, Portland, Ogn.
Sole Agents for
CHAS. REBSTOCK & CO.
St. Louis, Mo.
AMERICA'S FINEST WHISKIES,
Sherwood Old Fashion Copper Whisky.
Nelson Co., Ky.
Snow Hill Fire Copper Bourbon,
Paris, Ky.
Importers of Foreign Wines & Liquors.
Depot of Julius Dressel's
SONOMA VINEYARD.

STOCKHOLDER'S MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ANnual meeting of the Stockholders of the Odd Fellows' Hall Association of Portland, Oregon, will be held at Odd Fellows' Temple, corner First and Alder streets, in the city of Portland, on TUESDAY, the 6th day of February, A. D. 1877, at 8 o'clock P. M. By order,

A. N. GAMBELL, Secretary.

Portland, Jan. 27, 1877. ja27d1d

EVERDING & FARRELL
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Flour, Mill Feed,
BACON,
Hay, Straw, Oats, &c.
FRONT AND ALDER STS., PORTLAND

PIANOS AND ORGANS
TO RENT.
AT GRAY'S MUSIC STORE.

[illegible] and Astonishing Victories [illegible]
The [illegible]
WHEELER & WILSON
[illegible] TAKEN THE TWO HIGHEST MEDALS AND TWO DIPLOMAS AT THE CENtennial Exposition—the Gold Medal at the California State Fair—The First Premium at each of the County Fairs in California—The Three Medals at the [illegible] Fair, given for the Best Family Sewing Machine, Best Manufacturing Machine, and [illegible] First Premium at the Washington Territorial Fair—First Premium at [illegible] Premium at Hillsboro and First Premium at Union county Fair.
See the Machine for yourself, and believe not opposing Agents who try to make the public believe the defects of the old Wheeler & Wilson are in this [illegible] double—Plate level with the Table, and patent [illegible] oiled by the dropping of oil down the needle bar.
Send Orders to
WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.,
[illegible] Street, Portland.

JOHN W. GILBERT,
Salem, Oregon.
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Boots and Shoes, Shoe Findings, Harness,
SKIRTING, BELTING and LACE LEATHER,
French and American Calf Skins, Upper and Sole Leather, [illegible]
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES AND [illegible]

SMITH BROS' IRON & BRASS WORKS
South Front Street, between Harrison and Hall,
In [illegible] Building formerly occupied by the Oregon Iron Works Company.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Engines, Saw Mill, Grist Mill and [illegible]
Machinery, Iron and Brass Castings, Forgings
and Pattern Making.
[illegible] of all kinds made to order on short notice.

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS,
Incorporated September [illegible]
CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND [illegible]
[illegible], Secretary.......E. E. THOMPSON, President.......[illegible]
Iron and Brass Founders, Boiler Makers, General [illegible]
And Engine Builders,
MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE
[illegible]
[illegible] MACHINERY AND BOILERS [illegible]
[illegible] AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS [illegible]
[illegible]
JAMES LOTAN, [illegible]

P. GOLDSMITH, Nos. 47 and 349 Water street, New York.
GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG
[illegible]
STOVES, RANGES [illegible]
FORCE AND [illegible]
HYDRAULIC RAMS [illegible]
House Furnishing [illegible]
[illegible]

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

MORRISON HOUSE.
Corner Clay and First Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
This House is a First-Class Hotel, Newly Furnished with the Best of Spring [illegible]
RATES OF BOARD:
Board and Lodging, per week....$6 to $[illegible]
Per day.........................[illegible]
Single Meals....50c | Lodging....50c to [illegible]
Free Coach to and from the House.
[illegible], Proprietor.
Formerly of the Portland Hotel.

SOL'S RESTAURANT!
THE FIRST ON THE PACIFIC COAST AND THE only one in Portland with
Four Elegant Parlors Attached
For the use of Families and Private Parties.
Whatever Delicacies the market affords will be found at this place. Ladies will find it the most convenient place to lunch while out shopping, where they will have the most polite attention.

SPECIAL NOTICE!
OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.
ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE RESTAURANT connected with this House will be under the [illegible] Proprietors.
No [illegible] will be [illegible] to make guests feel at home and [illegible] attention to business we hope to continue the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on this popular House.
Free Coach to and from the House.
[illegible] & THOMAS SMITH, Proprietors.

REMOVED
To [illegible], opposite Odd Fellows Hall.
WALLER & VAUTIER'S
PIONEER CHOP HOUSE.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
[illegible] THE MARKET AFFORDS.
Private Rooms for Ladies, Gentlemen or Parties. Orders out of the house promptly attended to.

METROPOLIS HOTEL.
Corner First and Main Streets.
THE UNDERSIGNED, FORMERLY OF THE Multnomah House, having repainted and refurnished the above named Hotel, is now ready to accommodate the public in a satisfactory manner at the following rates:
Board and Lodging, per week..........$5 50
Board per week........................[illegible]
Board and Lodging, per day............1 00
The Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords.
JOHN SCHADE, Proprietor.

THE OXFORD OYSTER SALOON,
Oak Street, 2d door west of Neppach's Drug Store.
WITH SEVERAL YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN the business the undersigned warrant their numerous friends an excellent dish of
Shoalwater Bay or Eastern Oysters
prepared in every style known to epicureans.
We are prepared to supply Oysters in any quantity. WALLER & SON.
EASTERN OYSTERS by every Steamer.

St. Charles Hotel Restaurant,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
A. J. FLEURO[illegible].........PROPRIETRESS.
THE DINING HALL
Has been removed to the Ground Floor—a Private Stairway from the Ladies' Parlor leading thereto.
It has been determined to spare no pains in making this
The Best Restaurant in the City.
Free Coach to and from the House.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY DISsolved partnership in the Merchant Tailoring and Furnishing Goods business under the firm and name of Neimeyer & Utter. The business will be carried on by G. NEIMEYER, who alone is authorized to collect all outstanding accounts and notes and who will pay any bills contracted by said firm.

G. NEIMEYER,
W. H. UTTER.

Portland, January 18, 1877.

Referring to the above, I respectfully announce to my friends and the public generally, that having made satisfactory arrangements with the creditors of the firm of Neimeyer & Utter, I shall carry on from this a First Class Tailoring Establishment.

G. NEIMEYER.

LIVERY AND [illegible]
[illegible] TRANSFER [illegible]
OFFICE AT [illegible]
N. W. Corner of [illegible]
All business [illegible]
ORDERS FOR HACKS [illegible]

[illegible] E. CORNELIUS'
Livery, Hack & Feed [illegible]
[illegible]
COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR [illegible]
[illegible]

J. SIMON & CO.
[illegible] Front [illegible]
Dealers in
DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS
[illegible]
WINDOW GLASS,
Crystal [illegible]
LOOKING GLASSES.
Glazing done to order [illegible]

PIONEER BAG FACTORY.
W. J. [illegible],
FRONT AND VINE STREETS,
Bags, Sails and Tarpaulins
Made and Repaired.
Fishermen supplied with [illegible] at lowest rates.
Large supply of Ship Duck and Canvas in store

DR. WM. KOEHLER,
Dentist,
DEUTSCHER ZAHNARZT,
[illegible]
DENTAL ROOMS—[illegible] Morrison and Yamhill. [illegible], Portland, O.

PIONEER WOOD YARD
FOOT OF YAMHILL STREET,
SORENSEN & TAYLOR.
ALL KINDS OF WOOD,
Sawed and unsawed, constantly on hand and delivered to any part of the City.

CHAS. LOUIS KUHN,
Cor. Third and A streets, Portland, P. O. Box [illegible]
DEALER IN BILLIARDS AND BILLIARD Goods of all descriptions. Agent for the [illegible] Brunswick & Balke Co. Standard Novelty [illegible] Virginius Pool Tables, etc., etc.

PACIFIC WOOD YARD,
FOOT OF MAIN STREET,
ALL KINDS OF WOOD CONSTANTLY ON hand, sawed and unsawed, and delivered to any part of the city. M. R. [illegible]

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 31, 1877.

TERMS OF THE OREGONIAN.

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PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

Lieut. Weeden's Death.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—Lieut. Weeden of the U. S. engineer corps, was found near midnight last night, lying dead on a sofa in his room, 726 Bush street, and near the body were two empty bottles that had evidently contained chloral hydrate. No one is admitted except General Alexander, of the engineers, physicians, a few friends of the deceased and the coroner. The circumstances or cause are yet unknown, all parties being very reticent. It is understood he left a letter for his sister, Mrs. Commodore Maury, but none of the contents are divulged, and there is no clue given for the supposed suicide.

Later—But little additional has been learned to throw light on the suicide of Lt. Weeden. It seems he had left his room on the floor above and descended to the front parlor occupied by Henry Janin of diamond swindle fame, who is temporarily absent from the city, called a boy of the District Telegraph Co. with which the room was in communication, and sitting down at the table wrote the following: "Dear Blank. I claim the privilege of addressing you this because it is for the last time. You may not care for me, but I"—Here the letter stopped short and the writer had fallen forward on the table, in which position he was found by the inmates of the house, still breathing but died before medical assistance arrived. The bottles, which had contained chloral hydrate were found in his own room above. Further than this no clue has been found to the cause of the act.

At the inquest this evening on the body of Lieut. Weeden, an intimate friend testified that Weeden had been in the habit of using Chloral hydrate to induce sleep. Jury found verdict, declining to decide whether the overdose was taken accidentally or with suicidal intent.

The Harmonious Democrats.

The Mannix and Brady wing of the Democracy held meetings this evening. The majority gathered at the City Hall, and the minority in the city criminal court room. After considerable lively discussion with regard to the manner of organizing for the coming campaign, motion prevailed at the majority meeting to invite the co-operation of the minority. The latter accepted the olive branch, and a meeting of the reconciled wing was fixed for to-morrow. A third discordant element of the party, or the reform wing also met and organized and passed resolutions in favor of calling a primary to obtain a fair utterance of the sentiment of the party, in opposition to the Mannix and Brady crowd, who wish to stave off the primary and take the appointing power into their own hands. They are differing among themselves as to the details of the scheme.

Iglesias Interviewed.

Senor Iglesias has been again interviewed and in contradiction of his last reported decision, says he has no idea of going to St. Louis, but will proceed as soon as possible to some point in Mexico where the feeling is in his favor, and set up his standard. If the expected Mexican gunboat does not soon arrive he will take the regular steamer. He has received offers of service from two ex-officers of the Confederate army, one a Colonel, the other a Captain, but declines both from motives of policy.

The Welcome Rain.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—It has been raining heavily all the forenoon, with a prospect for continuance, streets and gutters running in streams, wind fresh from southeast. Advices from the interior report rain throughout the central and northern portion of the State, extending as far south as Merced and Stanislaus, also into the mountains on the line of the Central Pacific to Emigrant Gap, above which it is snowing. In the southern portion of the State it is cloudy, but no rain reported yet.

SAN JOSE, Jan. 29.—During the past 36 hours 46 100ths of an inch of rain has fallen, with indications of more soon.

SANTA ROSA, Jan. 29.—Commenced raining Saturday night at 12 o'clock. At 8 o'clock this morning 90-100ths of an inch had fallen; total for the season, 9 12-100ths. Still raining.

The storm predicted in Oregon and Northern California about this time seems to have arrived. There are strong indications of it north of us.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 29.—Sunday's rain was general; more of it to-day at points in the interior.

VISALIA, Jan. 30.—It commenced raining this afternoon; at 6 still raining at intervals. There are indications of a good rain to-night. Weather warm, wind southeast; grass growing rapidly for the past two weeks.

SAN JOSE, Jan. 30.—Rain has been coming down all day. This evening there are indications of abatement of the storm. Rain has been ample for all present crop necessities, and the farmers are jubilant. Rainfall to-day, 25 100ths; total for the season, 3.76/100ths.

SANTA BARBARA, Jan. 30.—Cloudy, indications of more rain, wind west, southwest. Amount of total rainfall over an inch; total for the season 3 4-100.

Generosity.

To ameliorate hard times, Col. W. W. Hollister makes a public offer to knock off 25 per cent. of the interest on all debts due him, if paid before May 1st.

Murder by Troops.

A letter from the *Union* correspondent at Ures, Sonora, Jan. 11, says there is considerable consternation among the population in consequence of the approach of Diaz forces. A revolutionary troop murdered some people near Ures.

Iglesias Proclaimed.

Gov. Marescal has just arrived at Ures from Guaymas. He has issued a proclamation telling the people he believed Iglesias is the legal President, recognized by a majority of the States and supported by most of the leaders of the national troops, and asks the people of Sonora to stand by the constitutional authorities. Marescal's determination is to put down every attempt at revolution. He is unquestionably sustained by the people of the State. Troops are arriving for several days at Ures from Hermosillo, Guaymas and other points, which looks as if Marescal means to be as good as his word.

Grasshoppers.

In the district of Magdalina crops are all short. The bean crops are nearly entirely eaten by grasshoppers, and hard times generally in the State. There has been very little sickness, and no epidemic as yet reported anywhere.

Railroad News.

There is another report that Santa Rosa will be connected by rail with the coast by a narrow-gauge road. If this should be the fact, it would give Santa Rosa the benefit of direct road to San Francisco.

Capital Moved—Mining News.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 30.—The Governor of Arizona has signed the capital removal bill.

Valuable mineral discoveries are reported near Prescott and excitement exists in regard to it there and elsewhere.

The Piper Piping.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—Congressman Piper of this district has written letters to Horace Davis, Congressman elect, stating his intention of contesting the election, on the ground that Davis received over 9,000 fraudulent votes, the votes having been cast on certificates of enrollment and names not entered on the great register. He also alleges Davis received 4,000 votes cast by parties non-resident.

Mexican Dignitaries.

The steamer *Newbern* arrived to-day from Mexican ports. Among the passengers were L. A. M. Contacor and Sebastian Garcia, of the custom house at Mazatlan, both partisans of Iglesias. They report everything very quiet; that up to the present the four Pacific States, Lower California, Durango, Sonora and Guerrero, have declared for Iglesias. It is currently reported at Mazatlan that three States on the Atlantic side had declared for Iglesias. They say there are no soldiers of Diaz in any of the States that have declared against him, and should they be sent there from any other States, the people are prepared to resist them. The feeling among the people of Lower California in favor of Iglesias is almost universal.

A Huge Story Denied.

Financial men here scout the story that $20,000,000 or any large sum has been transferred from here to New York to operate in Western Union or any other stock. They say money was never more plentiful here than at present. The cashier of the Bank of California says: "D. O. Mills is in New York on business of the bank and states positively he has no connection with any such pool, nor has any other person connected with the bank." Henry, the brother of James Keene, denies that his brother has any connection with the movement or has had $6,000,000 or one-tenth of that amount transferred to New York, and characterizes the story, so far as he is concerned, as sheer nonsense.

Quicksilver Mine.

The Great Eastern quicksilver mine, near Guenava is proving to be of considerable value. The yield has been about 100 flasks per month for some time back, and that could be increased with a larger force. After three years' work, the mines continues to improve, and those who have given the subject close attention have come to the conclusion that under Mount Jackson there is a great deposit of cinnabar. The tunnel of the mine is into the hill about 600 feet, and the shaft is about 80 feet deep. There are small streaks of metal, exceedingly rich, which are considered good indications of a large deposit of this class of ore below. Smaller veins lead to breasts of ore varying in richness.

Old Citizen Dead.

STOCKTON, Jan. 29.—Dr. J. M. Kelsey, an old and highly respected citizen of this city, and president of the Stockton Savings and Loans Society, was found dead in his rowboat, a short distance down the slough, this morning. It appears he was very fond of rowing, the only exercise of which his sedentary habits and confinement to business would permit, and on the previous afternoon he rowed down the Stockton channel, returning in the evening as far as the spot where his boat was found drifted against the tules. As the wind was blowing strongly against the direction he was rowing, it is supposed he must have overexerted himself and brought on palpitation of the heart, which caused his death. Deceased has lived in Stockton and San Francisco for nearly 25 years, and was respected by all who knew him. He leaves a wife and six children.

Mining Suits.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—In the U. S. circuit court, to-day, the cases of the mining companies on the Comstock vs. Sutro Tunnel Company were called, but, by agreement, postponed till next Monday.

Suicide.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—A man named F. Deidshumer was found hanging to the transom of the door to his room at the American Exchange hotel this morning. His feet were on the floor, and he had evidently slowly strangled. He formerly lived at Forest Hill, but registered at the hotel from Nevada. Whether State, city or county of Nevada, is not known.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 30, 1877.

Gold in New York, 105⅜.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 93¼; selling 94½.

Silver Coin—buying, 91; selling, 95.

Coin Exchange on New York ¼ per cent. premium.

Telegraphic transfers on New York 1 per cent premium.

Currency Exchange on San Francisco ½ per cent. premium.

Coin Exchange on San Francisco par.

Gold Bars 72 par.

In the news department this morning we publish a statement from the Sound papers in regard to the establishment of a shipyard in that section, which shows how much influence the disturbed condition of political affairs of the country has upon business interests. Far seeing capitalists "are wiser in their day" than those who are chosen to make laws for the country. When men are uncertain as to what will be the policy of the government in dealing with its enterprises and business interests, they stand aloof from investing it those enterprises, and as a consequence the commercial interests languish, confidence in the future is destroyed, and under the baleful influence of unwise or ill advised legislation, the prosperity of the country is checked and dullness prevails in all the departments of business. Seeing this, we cannot but congratulate the country on the fact that the way now seems open to a fair and amicable settlement of the great political dispute which has so long agitated the public mind and disturbed the business affairs of the nation.

By the quotations it will be seen that the fall in the price of gold in New York has at last brought greenbacks to a par with silver, and it may be likely that we shall see silver as the depreciated currency of the country.

Some time ago our readers were informed of the fact that a number of the leading banks in New York proposed to make an important reduction of their capital on account of the great burden of taxation. The same lesson which New Yorkers have learned at such a great cost may be profitably heeded by other cities, by States, and by the nation. The effects of municipal corruptions are telling seriously on the business prosperity of that city, and it will take years of economy and good management to reduce the expenses of transacting business to a point which will restore the good times of former years. An idea of the solicitude which is felt on the subject may be formed from the following remarks of the *Evening Post* of that city, which says:

> The contraction of bank facilities in New York by reason of excessive taxation, is something in which every person concerned in the prosperity of this city has an interest, and none the less because it may be indirect. The fact that it would be a misfortune to the port to lose the grain trade or to have an important part of it diverted to other cities is generally appreciated. If it be possible for other cities in fair competition to get any part of this trade they will be entitled to it, and New York will not have its own legislators to blame for the loss. The loss of the grain trade, however, is a small matter compared with the loss of that financial supremacy which has made New York the clearing house city of this continent—the principal place where the exchanges of the country are settled—the London of the Western world. This financial supremacy is now threatened by unwise financial and fiscal legislation. New York could afford to have the grain trade diverted from it, as London can afford to have Liverpool the principal port of Great Britain; but New York can not afford to have capital which engages in the banking business taxed more than capital employed in any other business. In Philadelphia we are informed that national banks pay no city taxes, and only three mills per year to the State. We do not believe that New York will lose any important part of the grain trade, but it could afford to throw it all away if that would make it secure in its financial supremacy, as it can only be by offering inducements to capital to come here and engage in banking, instead of by imposing unjust burdens on banking.

The San Francisco *Herald* of last Thursday says: "There has been more business the past week in spot charters than for some time past. To a direct port in the United Kingdom, £2, but at the close there seems to be a prevailing idea with many that freights must improve ere long. The ship Lookout has accepted a lumber charter to proceed north to Burrard Inlet. If to Sydney, £3 12s 6d; to Melbourne, £3 17s 6d; or if to Adelaide, £4 2s 6d."

Domestic Produce.

There is no important changes in this department of trade to report so far this week. The wheat and flour receipts are not large, and buyers inform us that no considerable lots, except in a few instances, are left for sale in the warehouses on the railroads and river. The hauling improved some during the dry weather, but still farmers were indisposed or too busy to take advantage of it, and the bulk of the surplus wheat yet in the State is in their granaries. There are conflicting estimates as to the quantity yet held over and above the wants for local consumption, nor can any reliable basis be had upon which to judge of the amount yet back. It is, doubtless, true that a great deal more will be used for seed this year than last, but how much cannot be ascertained. Last year, however, some in the Walla Walla valley and Eastern Oregon was used for feed, and at least 8,000 tons from the sections which find a market here, was on hand at the beginning of the current harvest year. Prices being better this season may draw the cereal out more fully, but we see no good reason to expect that our exports will reach those of the season of 1875-76 by any less than 12,000 to 15,000 tons. The local market is still very quiet at our quotations with but few lots offering.

Other products are generally coming forward freely, but the demand is not improved. The San Francisco market for Oregon products shows but few changes, and furnishes no great incentive to active operations on the part of shippers.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—The market is very quiet and average quotations $1 90@1 92½ per cental.

FLOUR—Quotable, best brands, $5 75@6 25 ℔ bbl; good outside and country brands, $5 00@5 00; fine and superfine, $4 75@5 00.

OATS—Best quality 62½@65c; fair 60@62½; inferior and black 62½@57½c per bushel.

POTATOES—There is a fair demand at 40@45c per bushel.

ONIONS—As to quality, $1 25@1 50 ℔ 100 lbs.

HAY—Choice timothy, baled, $17@$18; loose, $14 @$15.

LARD—Oregon made, fresh, in tins, 14@15c ℔ lb in kegs, 14c.

DRIED PLUMS—With pits, 4@5c; pitless, 14c ℔ lb.

DRIED APPLES—In sacks 6c, kegs 7c ℔ lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter, solid, 18@20c ℔ lb; brine, 22@25c; roll, 30c; fancy dairy, 30@35c; cheese, quotable at 15@16c ℔ lb. Market dull.

BACON — Market well supplied at 14@15c for sides; 14@16c for hams, and 10c for shoulders.

CHICKENS—Market well supplied at $3@$4 per dozen according to quality.

EGGS—There is a moderate demand at 20@25c per dozen.

FRESH MEATS—Beef, dressed, 4@5c ℔ lb; on foot 2@2½c; dressed hogs, 6@6½c ℔ lb; mutton sheep $2@2 50 ℔ head.

BARLEY—Choice brewing, $1 20@1 25; feed, $1 15 @1 20 ℔ cwt.

MILL FEED—Bran, $18@19 ℔ ton; shorts, $22 50 @25; chop, middlings, etc., $30; oil cake meal, $37 50.

HOPS—Quotable at 17@18c.

HIDES AND FURS—We quote best selected hides at 15c ℔ lb; culls, ⅓ off; green, salted, 6c; elk, 10 @12c ℔ lb; deer, 16@20c ℔ lb for dried, and 50@75c each, green; mink skins, $1 50 each; otter, $1@5 each; beaver, 75@$1.

Shipping Intelligence.

The Ajax, from San Francisco, arrived this morning. She will sail on return trip Saturday, at 6 A. M.

The only vessels at hand are the ships Regent, for sale at Astoria, the bark P. J. Carlton, loaded for Europe, the ship Imperial, loading at Astoria for same destination, the ship Athelstanes and Aglaia, to load, the bark Mattie Macleay, up for Honolulu, and the ship Prussia, seeking.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—Arrived—Bk D. C. Murray, Honolulu; Nic bk Remijo, Nanaimo.

Sailed—Fr bk St. Jean, United Kingdom, via Pacific isles.

Philadelphia Wool Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—Colorado washed 18@22, unwashed 17@18½, extra and merino pulled 33@38, No. 1 and super pulled 33@37, Texas fine and medium coarse 17@20; California fine and medium 15 @30, coarse 15@20.

Liverpool Wheat Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Liverpool breadstuffs dull; flour 23@25s 6d for Western. Wheat, 7@10s 6d for average California white; 10s 11d@11s 3d for club; 10s 4@10s 9d for red Western spring.

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Lurch Bros.	Cottage Grove	M. M. Fales	Port Orford
U. C. Litchfield	Grand Ronde	D. E. Thomas	Prineville
		H. C. Stanton	Roseburg
Cris Taylor	Dayton	Dean Blanchard	Rainier
J. D. Lee	Dallas	V. Colvig	Rock Point
Waldron Bros.	Dalles City	J. W. Crawford	Salem
J. W. Krewson, P. M.	Drain	A. G. Hovey	Springfield
M. Riley	Ellensburg	D. P. Mason	Scio
D. Morse, Jr.	Empire City	W. R. Palmer	Scottsburg
T. G. Hendricks	Eugene	A. Wheeler	Shedds
H. A. Breyman	Fairfield	I. T. Morris	Sheridan
W. Bowlby	Forest Grove	A. L. Saylor, P. M.	"
S. E. Gaines	Gervais	J. M. Brown	Silverton
J. J. Fowler	Glencoe	W. W. Moss	Sparta
J. F. Pierce	Greenville	S. D. McCauley	Stayton
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Washington Territory.

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M. Howe	Cowlitz	G. Z. Orchard	New Tacoma
G. J. Hogue, P. M.	Claquato		
J. C. Davenport	Colfax	W. F. Taylor	San Juan
Postmaster	Dayton	Wm. Pumphrey	Seattle
T. Johnson	Goldendale	E. Harmon	Steilacoom
H. C. Comegys	Kalama	L. Meeker	Pioneer
M. P. Callender	Knappton	E. S. Eddings	Vancouver
J. S. Conner	La Conner	J. E. Lewis	Walla Walla
Miller & Co.	Lewis River	W. T. Smith	Waitsburg
Crosby & Lowe	Olympia	Postmaster	Yakima
Stephen Shobert	Union Ridge, W. T.	J. Crellin & Co.	Oysterville
		E. J. Ford	Ilwaco

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No. 1891.

AN ORDINANCE TO ESTABLISH THE GRADE of S. Fourth street at its intersection with Sheridan street.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The grade of S. Fourth street at its intersection with Sheridan street is hereby established at 158.5 feet above the base of grades.

Passed the Common Council Jan. 17, 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Jan. 18, 1877.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

ja25d5t

Ordinance No. 1908.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the General Fund for the payment of salaries.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the General Fund for the payment of salaries of the officers hereinafter named at the times and in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1414:

Police Judge, eighteen hundred dollars.
City Attorney, twelve hundred dollars.
City Treasurer, twelve hundred dollars.
Auditor and Clerk, twenty-four hundred dollars.
Superintendent of Streets, fifteen hundred dollars.
City Surveyor, eighteen hundred dollars.

Passed the Common Council Jan. 17, 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Jan. 18, 1877.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

ja25d5t

Ordinance No. 1895.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE TIME and manner of improving South Second street from the center line of Sherman street to the center line of Sheridan street.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The proposed improvement of South Second street from the center line of Sherman street to the center line of Sheridan street shall be completed as hereinafter provided on or before the 15th day of April, 1877.

Section 2. The surface of the street shall be cleared of all timber, plank or other obstructions (sidewalks and crosswalks of the proper width and grade and otherwise in good condition excepted.) If the obstructions are not removed within three days after notice from the Superintendent of Streets they shall be removed by and become the property of the contractor.

Section 3. The improvement shall consist of grading, laying sidewalks and crosswalks.

Section 4. The grading, sidewalks and crosswalks shall correspond as nearly as practicable to the provisions of sections 6, 7, 8 and 9 of Ordinance No. 793, entitled "An Ordinance in relation to the improvement of streets."

Section 5. The provisions of sections 11 and 12 of said Ordinance No. 793, shall apply to all lumber and material used in the improvement provided for by this Ordinance.

Section 6. The contractor shall take entire charge of the work during its progress, and shall be responsible for any loss or accident resulting from carelessness or neglect.

Section 7. The improvement shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Public Property and the Superintendent of Streets.

Section 8. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to advertise for, receive proposals and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder or bidders for the improvement specified in this Ordinance.

Passed the Common Council Jan. 17, 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Jan. 18, 1877.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

ja22d5t

Third Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to improve Third street from the center of Morrison street to the center of Yamhill street by grading, laying sidewalks and crosswalks where necessary, and Macadamizing the roadway full width.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Jan. 22, 1876. ja22d10t

K. of P.—EXCELSIOR LODGE No. 1,

MEETS EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING, AT 7½ o'clock, in Castle Hall, corner of First and Taylor streets. Members of Sister Lodges and sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend.

ARTHUR WILSON, C. C.
HY. DOBINSON, K. of R. and S. eW

BANKS.

OREGON & WASHINGTON

MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK,

(LIMITED)

9 First St., Ankeny's Building, Portland.

Board of Directors.

DONALD MACLEAY, R. GOLDSMITH, J. B. MONTGOMERY, and WILLIAM REID, Portland, and J. T. BROWN, Olympia, Director for Washington Territory.

THIS SAVINGS BANK

Receives deposits from $1 and upwards, either for short or long periods at fixed rates of interest.

Security to Depositors.

1. The Bank's $300,000 capital specially subscribed and pledged for security of depositors' moneys, in order that all losses (if any) shall be made therefrom, and

2. The mortgages, assignments, and other securities on which the Bank's deposits are carefully loaned.

Hours—10 to 3 P. M. Saturdays, 10 to 1; open on Saturday evenings from 7 to 8 (for receiving deposits only. For further information apply to

WILLIAM REID, Managing Director.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital $2,000,000

With power to increase to $ 0,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE...London.
BRANCHES.........Victoria (B. C.), San Francisco and Portland.

AGENTS.

NEW YORK CHICAGO CANADA	Bank of Montreal.
MEXICO & SOUTH AMERICA	London Bank of Mexico & South America.
IRELAND	Bank of Ireland.
SCOTLAND	British Linen Company.
ENGLAND	National Provincial Bank of England.
LIVERPOOL	Bank of Liverpool. North & South Wales Bank

This Bank transacts a General Banking business. Deposits received on current account, subject to check.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits at six per cent (6 pr ct.) per annum for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted. Loans made on available security. Collections made promptly.

Exchange sold on London, Liverpool and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland from £1 upwards. Also on all places in Canada in sums to suit. Coin and Currency drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago.

Commercial Credits granted, available in Europe, New York, China, Japan, South America, Australia and New Zealand.

FRED'K TOWNSEND, Manager.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange

(Sight and Telegraphic,) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK,
ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO.

Bills of Exchange,

Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on

LONDON, HONG KONG,
PARIS, BERLIN
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President.........HENRY FAILING.
Cashier.........JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN

PORTLAND

CITY DIRECTORY

For 1877.

IN PRESS, AND WILL BE PUBLISHED ON or about JANUARY , 1877, the

PORTLAND CITY DIRECTORY for 1877,

Embracing a General Directory of Residents, a Directory of East Portland, together with a Business Directory and other Statistics relative to the Progress and Present Condition of the city.

This being the FIFTEENTH ANNUAL ISSUE of the above work, the Publisher will spare no expense to render it FULLY RELIABLE and ACCURATE, his sole aim being to make the DIRECTORY useful to every citizen in Portland as a faithful annual index of the commercial condition of the city.

The CANVASSING for NAMES in this city and East Portland will be entrusted to reliable parties so as to ensure correctness in every detail.

Mr. A. BUSHWILLER will solicit for Advertisements, and the Publisher hopes that the same patronage may be extended to the contemplated issue that has been received during the past fourteen years.

☞ Please report all alterations in Firms or Business, Removals, etc., at the FRANKLIN BOOK STORE, 4 First street.

NOTICE OF FINAL MEETING IN BANKRUPTcy.—In U. S. District Court, District of Oregon. In the matter of Josephus Holmes, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. This is to give notice that by order of said court there will be held on the 9th day of February, A. D. 1877, at 11 o'clock A. M. at Portland, Oregon, in said district, at the office of H. H. Northup, Register in Bankruptcy for said district, the final meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, at which time and place I shall file my final accounts as assignee of the estate of Josephus Holmes, bankrupt, and apply for a settlement of the same, and for a discharge from all liability as assignee of said estate, in accordance with the provisions of section 5093 of the U. S. revised statutes.

C. W. PRINDLE, Assignee.

Jan 19, 1877 ja19d1aw3tF

NOTICE OF FINAL MEETING IN BANKRUPTcy.—In U. S. District Court, District of Oregon. In the matter of John A. Keller, bankrupt, In Bankruptcy. This is to give notice that by order of said court there will be held on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1877, at 11 o'clock A. M., at Portland, Oregon, in said district, at the office of H. H. Northup, Register in Bankruptcy for said district, the final meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, at which time and place I shall file my final accounts as assignee of the estate of John A. Keller, bankrupt, and apply for a settlement of the same, and for a discharge from all liability as assignee of said estate, in accordance with the provisions of section 5093 of the U. S. revised statutes.

E. ARNOLD, Assignee.

Jan. 26, 1877. ja26d1aw3tF

State Treasurer's Second Notice.

STATE OF OREGON,
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
Salem, Jan. 12, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that there are funds in the Treasury to be applied to the payment of the following warrants, to wit: Nos. 1813, 1845, 1816, 1847, 1842, 1850, 1837, 1926, 1940, 1 2, 6, 44, 202, 201, 200, 204, 215, 216, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 203, 219, 221, 222, 225, 226, 218, 223, 228, 299, 230, 237, 239, 236, 238, 240, 234, 243, 247, 248, 251, 245, 250, 249, 2 6, 235, 253, 258, 1841, 259, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 271, 272, 275, 270 and 274.

Interest on these warrants will cease on the 14th instant.

A. H. BROWN
State Treasurer.

ja12d8w

State Treasurer's Notice.

STATE OF OREGON,
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
Salem, January 17, 1877.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds in the Treasury for the payment of the following Warrants drawn in the year 1876, viz: 277, 278, 280½, 282, 279, 283, 281, 286, 287, 288, 289, 224, 260, 262, 261, 240, 290, 293, 208, 297, 294, 295, 296, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 3 9, 321, 322, 291, 340, 342, 320, 345, 330, 331, 332, 343, 3 4, 317, 292, 299, 300.

Interest on these Warrants will cease on the 18th inst.

A. H. BROWN,
State Treasurer.

Also, all Coupons for January, 1877, will be paid.

ja18d3w A. H. BROWN, State Treas'r,

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Steamer

AJAX.

PETER MACKIE ......Commander

Will leave the Company's Wharf at foot of F street for the above port on

SATURDAY, FEBUARY 3, 1877.
At 6 o'clock A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

VIA TACOMA.

THE SPLENDID SIDE-WHEEL Steamship

"DAKOTA."

Passengers for San Francisco via Victoria will leave Portland per Steamer "Welcome," on

THURSDAY, FEB. 8, 1877, AT 6 A. M.

THROUGH FARE from Portland to San Francisco
Cabin......$35 00 | Steerage......$18 00

Tickets for sale at Office Oregon Steam Navigation Company, corner Front and Ash streets. up stairs.

Through Tickets sold to China, Sandwich Islands, Australia, New Zealand, Panama and New York.

RIVER STEAMERS.

THE WILLAMETTE

Transportation and Locks Co's

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the Central Wharf, between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR DAYTON—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M.

For SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS and Way Landings, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Lightering and Towing of Vessels

Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company, near corner of Front and Washington streets.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

THE WILLAMETTE

Transportation & Locks Co.'s

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER JANUARY 1, 1877, until further notice, the W. T. & L. Co. will carry Freight at

REDUCED RATES.

UP FREIGHT:

PORTLAND TO SALEM ....$1 00 per Ton.
" " Points above Salem, 1 50 "

For SPECIAL RATES on DOWN FREIGHT apply at the Office of the Company

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER ROUTE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday) at 6 A. M.

For Cathlamet, Bay View and Skamokawa—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Westport, Clifton and Knappa—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

"CITY OF SALEM"

Will Leave Pacific Wharf for

CORVALLIS

AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS, ON

Wednesdays and Saturdays,

At 6 o'clock A. M.,

U. B. SCOTT & CO.

Z. J. HATCH, Agent.

STEAMER E. T. CHURCH

WILL RECEIVE FREIGHT ON Old P. T. Co. Wharf on and after Dec. 27th for

CORVALLIS

and intermediate points. For rates apply on wharf or on board.

J. W. COCHRAN & CO.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. T. GRAY, Master,

WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET daily, Sunday excepted, at 2:00 P. M.

Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 1 P. M., daily, except Sundays.

LAW CARDS.

T. A. WORD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office in Monastes' Brick, First street Portland.
my8m

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,

Attorneys at Law,

rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Gilman's Building, corner First and Ash streets, Portland.

B. WHITTEN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office—Opposite Court House,
Court Street, Dalles City, Oregon.
jy19d6m

SYL. C. SIMPSON. JNO. B. WALDO.

SIMPSON & WALDO,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No. 12 Dekum's Building.

F. A. CHENOWETH,

Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

HAVING ESTABLISHED OFFICES IN ALL parts of Oregon, Washington and Idaho Territories, we are prepared to do a General Express and Freighting business in all its branches.

Freight or Packages will be called for in any part of the city (by giving proper notice) and forwarded with dispatch to any part of the world, through our own and connecting Expresses, at Greatly Reduced rates.

COLLECTIONS MADE, and Commissions for Purchase of Goods, etc., etc., will receive prompt attention.

We shall continue to DRAW EXCHANGE as usual on all the principal cities of the United States, the Canadas and Europe, and to sell TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE when desired.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Ordinance No. 1802.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the Police Fund.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the Police Fund:

For the payment of the police force in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1414, six thousand eight hundred and ten dollars; provided, that the aggregate payments shall not exceed eleven hundred and thirty five dollars for services during any one month.

For pay of police commissioners, three hundred dollars.

For pay of witnesses and jurors two hundred dollars.

Passed the Common Council Jan. 17 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Jan. 18, 1877.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

ja25d5t

IN U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT of Oregon. In the matter of the estate of Fredrick Liebe, Bankrupt. I hereby give notice that a second general meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held in the city of Portland in said district, on the 14th day of February, 1877, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of H. H. Northup, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy in said district, for the purposes named in section 5092 of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

D. M. FRENCH,
Assignee.

ja22d1aw3tM.

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Sept. 17, 1876, at 12 o'clock Noon.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY)
As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Roseburg	7:00 P. M.
Roseburg	5:00 A. M.	Portland	6:15 P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:50 P. M.	Albany	8:25 P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	10:05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAIN

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	6:00 P. M.
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

☞ Tickets for sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., Ferry Landing,
PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr. Gen'l Sup't.

E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	9:20 A. M.	Tacoma	5 30 P. M.
Tacoma	6:30 A. M.	Kalama	12:30 P. M.

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for all points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamer for Seattle, Olympia and all other points on Puget Sound.

On Saturday and Wednesday at 6 A. M. with steamers for Port Townsend, Victoria, Nanaimo, New Westminster and Fraser River.

Connecting Tri-Monthly with Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Steamers from VICTORIA to SAN FRANCISCO.

Through fare from Portland to San Francisco:
Cabin......$35 00 | Steerage......$18 00

Through Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.

H. F. FAIRWEATHER,
General Ticket Agent.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Market Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Assessment made by Ordinance No. 902, for the improvement of Market street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1850, on each of the following described lots of land fronting upon that part of Market street lying between West Park and Front streets, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith is due and payable to the Treasurer of the city of Portland in United States gold and silver coin and unless paid within fifteen days from the date of this notice the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Assessm't.
Park 13,		City of Portland	$7 34
212,	1, 2, 7, 8,	Jacob Kamm	56 36
113,	1,	Jacob Kamm	16 22
113,	8,	Mrs. N. Hayden	17 74
116,	1, 2, 8,	S. G. Reed	48 88
117,	E½ of 7 and 8,	M. F. Mulkey	15 89
117,	W½ of 7 and 8,	[illegible]	18 15
			$180 67

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Jan. 22, 1877. ja22d10t

Intersection Columbia and Front Streets.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Assessment made by Ordinance No. 908, for the improvement of the intersection of Columbia and Front street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1850 on each of the following described lots of land adjacent thereto and liable therefor, is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer in United States gold and silver coin and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Assessm't.
112,	8 & 7,	J. G. Glenn	$2 54
112,	N½ 7 & 8, 5,	D. [illegible] Carson [illegible]	6 86
112,	N½ 8,	F. G. Ewald	5 85
115,	1,	A. [illegible]	6 90
115,	2,	S. Morse	7 29
118,	3, 4,	Jos. [illegible]	4 50
114,	4,	N. [illegible]	6 50
			$46 14

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Jan. 22, 1877. ja22d10t

Front and Clay Streets.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Assessment made by Ordinance No. 910 for the improvement of the intersection of Front street with Clay street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1850, on each of the following described lots of land adjacent thereto and liable therefor, is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof;

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Ass'mnt.
111,	8,	Lewis Love	$66 73
118,	1,	L. V. [illegible] Vancouver Ext.	25 35
116,	2,	C. [illegible] W[illegible]	30 29
112,	N½ 5,	H. C. Northam	1 00
112,	S½ 5,	T. A. Wood	1 23
112,	8,	F. G. Ewald	1 77
115,	3, 4,	[illegible] Lambert	14 74
			$104 14

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Jan. 22, 1876. ja22d10t

E Street

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the assessment made by Ordinance No. 1396 for the improvement of E street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 914, on each of the following described lots of land fronting upon that part of E street lying between N. Front street and N. Second street, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith, is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer, in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Assessm't.
1[illegible],	8,	A. [illegible]	$164 50
1[illegible],	6 and 7,	Nicolai Bros	228 75
15,	1,	Geo. W. Weidler	151 25
15,	2 and 3,	Ainsworth & Thompson	225 15
			$759 75

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Jan. 22, 1877. ja22d10t

Harrison Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Assessment made by Ordinance No. 900 for the improvement of Harrison street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1850 on each of the following described lots of land fronting upon that part of Harrison street lying between West Park and Front streets, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith, is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Assessm't
Park 16,		City of Portland	$18 56
190,	1, 2, 7, 8,	T. Rodgers	34 22
160,	1, 2, 7, 8,	School District No. 1	87 54
123,	1,	Nancy A. Snow	11 47
123,	2,	Wm. Weatherford	9 17
120,	8,	Richard Williams	20 64
			$135 42

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Jan. 22, 1877. ja22d10t

Mill Street.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Assessment made by Ordinance No. 898 for the improvement of Mill street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1858 on each of the following described lots of land fronting upon that part of Mill street lying between the center line of Second street and the west line of Fourth street, as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof:

Block.	Lot.	Owner.	Assessm't
131,	1, 2, 8,	J. S. Smith	$97 36
133,	4,	Catherine Prior	4 30
133,	5,	John M. Kinneth	5 40
			$107 06

By order of the Common Council.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Jan. 22, 1877. ja22d10t

Columbia Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to improve Columbia street from the center line of Eighth to the center of Twelfth streets by grading to the established grade.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Jan. 22, 1877. ja22d10t

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAU

Saw-Smithing & Repairing

ESTABLISHMENT,

17 and 19 Fremont Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT [illegible] inserted in circular saws. REPAIRING, in all its branches [illegible] CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes; Mulay, Gang, Buck, [illegible] kinds, together with a gen[illegible] house at lowest market rates. Cast-Steel, Speed [illegible] ING CUTTERS always on hand [illegible] short notice. N. E.—KNAPP, BUR[illegible] mission Merchants, Portland, [illegible] authorized Agents for Oregon. Orders sent through them [illegible] wise filled at same rates as [illegible]

DR. [illegible] DISP[illegible]

Nervous an[illegible]

DR. STEIN[illegible]

ESSENCE [illegible]

NERVOUS AND [illegible] all Seminal [illegible]

At 426 [illegible]

Pork and [illegible]

Beef, Pork, [illegible]

PORTLAND [illegible]

VEAL AND [illegible]

Salem Flouring

SALEM, OREGON.

Millers & Exp

OF

GRAIN AND FL

WHEAT

Bought at

Portland Agency, Ankeny's

A. W. KINNEY,
Agent, Salem.

L. DEXTER.

DEXTER & MA

Have just opened at

88, 90 and 92 FRONT

An Entire New and Large Stock of

TINWARE

Metals, Stoves and

TINNERS' STOCK & TO

Japanned Ware, House Furnish

Special Orders Promptly

Second Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT [illegible] Common Council of the city of [illegible] pose to improve Second street from the [illegible] Taylor to the center of Salmon street, by [illegible] laying sidewalks and crosswalks where [illegible] and Macadamizing the roadway 16 feet in [illegible]

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and

Jan. 22, 1877.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AG[illegible] Smith, late of this city, are requested to [illegible] the same, with affidavit attached, [illegible] 1, 1877, to Parish & Cornell, for ad[illegible]

E. J. NORTHRUP,

tfel